Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Who Cares?

Professor Karen A. Smith

Associate Dean (Learning & Teaching)
Wellington School of Business and Government
karen.smith@vuw.ac.nz







- 1. What is CSR?
- 2. How has CSR evolved?
- 3. Which companies are leaders in CSR?
- 4. Who is driving development of CSR?





Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

"The notion that a company has responsibilities to society that go beyond its legal obligations and its duties to shareholders. These include the company's impact on the environment, any ethical issues arising from its trading or investment practices, and the policies of the company internally, e.g. with regard to transparency and the fair and equal treatment of employees."

Law, J. (2018) A Dictionary of Finance and Banking. 6th Ed. OUP; Oxford.



Corporate

 Businesses of all scales

> NCEA Businessrelated concepts

Enterprise

Social

- Human society or the life or welfare of a community
- Living organisms
 (e.g. animals and
 plants) and the
 natural environment

Sustainability

Responsibility

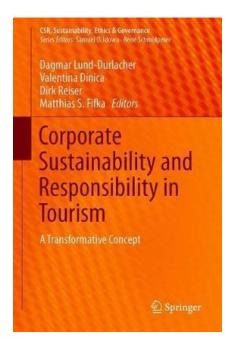
- Businesses being held accountable for what is subject to their power, control, or management.
- Being held accountable to society.

Citizenship

Carroll, A.B. & J.A. Brown (2018) 'Corporate social responsibility: a review of current concepts, research, and issues' in Weber, J. & Wasieleski, D.M. (Eds) *Corporate Social Responsibility*. Bingley, U.K.: Emerald Publishing Limited. pp. 39-69.



Evolution of Corporate Social Responsibility





Associate Professor Valentina Dinica, School of Government Dinica, V., Lund-Durlacher, D. & Reiser, D. (2019) 'Challenges for Tourism – Transitioning to Corporate Sustainability and Responsibility', in Lund-Durlacher, D. et al. (Eds) Corporate Sustainability and Responsibility in Tourism.

Springer. pp.3-27.



Evolution of Corporate Social Responsibility

Greed – **Defensive** – Ad hoc inventions

Philanthropy – **Charitable** – Charitable programmes

Marketing – **Promotional** – Public Relations

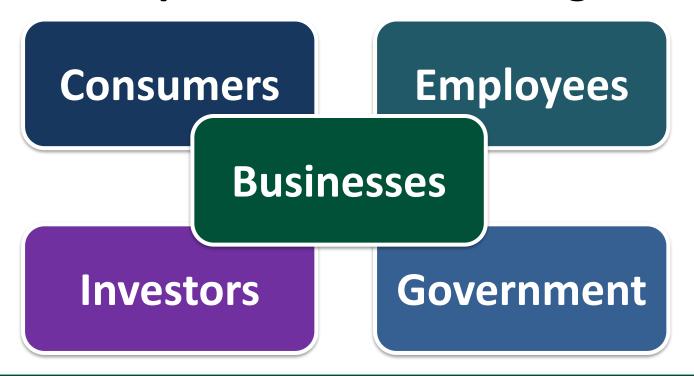
Management – **Strategic** – Management systems

Responsibility – **Transformative** – Business models

CSR 2.0 - Corporate Sustainability and Responsibility



The development of CSR is being driven by:







Businesses

Annual Review of the State of CSR in Australia and New Zealand

https://www2.deloitte.com/au/en/pages/risk/articles/annual-review-csr-australia-new-zealand.html

Deloitte.



Progress, prospects and impact

How business is preparing for the Modern Slavery Act

10th anniversary issue

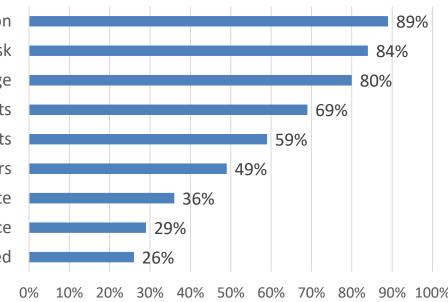
The 2018 Annual Review of the State of CSR in Australia and New Zealand



Business Outcomes from CSR

Annual Review of the State of CSR in Australia and New Zealand (2018)

Strengthened reputation Reduced risk Strengthened competitive advantage New value through new products/markets Reduced costs Reduce complaints/disagreements with stakeholders Active groups more willing to negotitate Less government interference Litigation/strikes/boycotts avoided









Q. Which New Zealand companies do you associate with CSR?



Employees

TOP PERFORMERS

Consumers

Deloitte.



New Zealand











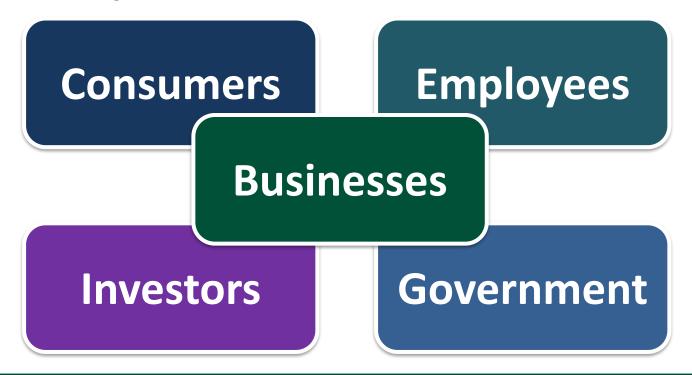




Progress, prospects and impact How business is preparing for the Modern Slavery Act

The 2018 Annual Review of the State of CSR in Australia and New Zealand

Development of CSR has been driven by:







Consumers

90%
AGREE

"If I heard about a company being irresponsible or unethical, I'd stop buying their products or using their services"



Presentation.pdf



Brands that demonstrate clear sustainable benefits are winning consumers over

48%

have deliberately switched to a brand/service provider which is more sustainable













LESS PLASTIC! Stop putting it on the consumer to recycle, the business should offer plastic free solutions or be responsible for the recycling of its products.

Never buying anything from a \$2 shop or the likes, stopping to think 'is this a necessary purchase?'.

Plastic bags were the lightning rod...

now attention has been turned to the 'excess' of everyday items

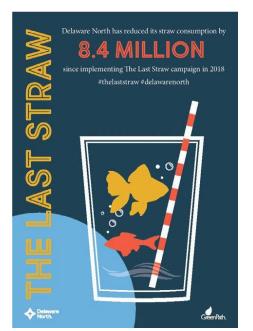


CAPITAL THINKING. GLOBALLY MINDED.





A campaign brought to you by **ONEMOREGENERATION.ORG**











stuff ≡

business

Macca's shrugs off straw request

Kelley Tantau and Ruby Nyika · 13:04, Aug 05 2018











KELLY HODEL/STUF

Three Hamilton Girls' High students – from left, Chelsea West, Haydee Anson and Abbey Huriwai – are on a mission to stop McDonald's dishing out straws with every drink.





STARBUCKS

McDonald's New Zealand moves to reduce plastic straw use

Tuesday, 16 October 2018, 9:15 am

Press Release: McDonald's











Straws are out, lids are in: Starbucks announces environmental milestone



Say hello to the lid that will replace a billion straws a year

Concerned about the environment, partners and customers called for straws to be phased out



https://stories.starbucks.com/stories/social-impact/



McDonald's paper straws cannot be recycled





https://www.bbc.com/news/business-49234054



https://www.oneinfive.scot/disabled-peopleuntite-against-starbucks-plastic-straw-ban/







Employees



Younger generations also place high importance on these factors for deciding where they want to work...











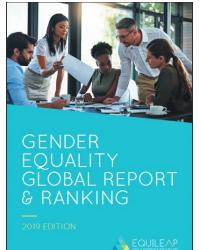


TABLE 1 / RANKING OF THE TOP 100 COMPANIES FOR GENDER EQUALITY GLOBALLY

RANK	COMPANY	COUNTRY	SECTOR	SCORE	2018/2019 SCORE
1	Diageo	UK	Consumer, Non-cyclical	74%	^
2	Mirvac	Australia	Financial	74%	^
3	Bank of America	USA	Financial	74%	^
4	L'Oréal	France	Consumer, Non-cyclical	73%	^
5	Telstra	Australia	Communications	73%	^
6	Stockland	Australia	Financial	71%	^
7	Air New Zealand	New Zealand	Consumer, Cyclical	69%	^

Air New Zealand

Only company with no pay gap from the board to the workforce

73	Contact Energy	New Zealand	Utilities	58%	^
78	Z Energy	New Zealand	Energy	58%	-
82	Fonterra	New Zealand	Consumer, Non-cyclical	58%	^





- O1. Caring for our people & communities
- **02.** Tackling climate change & carbon emissions
- **03.** Championing sustainable tourism & regions
- O4. Strengthening sustainable supply chains & reducing waste
- O5. Sustainability dashboard & performance metrics



CAPITAL THINKING.
GLOBALLY MINDED.
MAIL TE IHO KI TE PAE

https://www.airnewzealand.co.nz/
sustainability



Air New Zealanders

We're committed to providing a safe workplace, ensuring diversity in leadership, being a talent incubator for the wider economy and fostering a culture that delivers a highly engaged workforce.

Diversity & inclusion

Our vision is to create an organisation that is proudly representative of Aotearoa, a place where Air New Zealanders can be themselves and thrive.







Investors

https://www.unpri.org/pri/an-introduction-to-responsible-investment/what-is-responsible-investment

What is responsible investment? Responsible investment is an approach to managing assets that sees investors include environmental. social and governance (ESG) factors in their decisions about what to invest in and the role they play as owners and creditors. **Examples of ESG issues ENVIRONMENTAL** SOCIAL GOVERNANCE climate change human rights bribery and corruption resource depletion modern slavery executive pay waste child labour board diversity and structure pollution working conditions political lobbying and donations deforestation employee relations tax strategy





Investing in our Future.



- 97% of investors would actively look to change their KiwiSaver provider to a more sustainable one if the financial return was the same. Almost two thirds would do this even if the financial risk was higher.
- A large majority would avoid investing in 'sin' industries:
 - >90% would avoid investing in labour exploitation, tobacco and arms
 - >80% would avoid investing in gambling, pornography and fossil fuels
- 90% of respondents want to be actively investing in companies with a strong sustainability commitment, such as:
 - Renewables and clean technology
 - Sustainable transportation options (such as biofuels)
 - Recycling and resource recovery.

https://sustainable.org.nz/sustainable-investment-2/





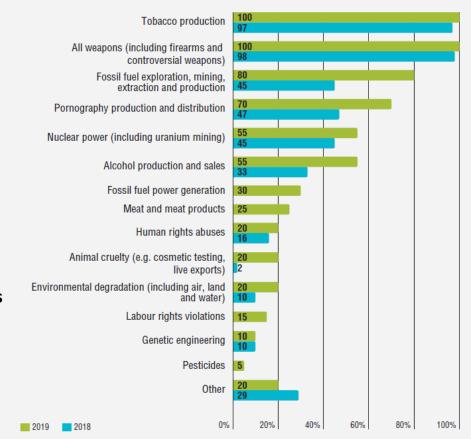




The responsible investment market in New Zealand was worth \$153.5 billion in 2019. This represents 52% of the estimated \$296.3 billion of total professionally managed assets under management in New Zealand.

https://responsibleinvestment.org CAPITAL THINKING. /resources/benchmark-report/

FIGURE 8 Frequency of issues being screened (by number of survey respondents that negatively screen)







The Treasury's Living Standards Framework

To help us achieve our vision of working towards higher living standards for New Zealanders, we developed the Living Standards Framework. Our Living Standards Framework provides us with a shared understanding of what helps achieve higher living standards to support intergenerational wellbeing.

Distribution

People

Our work is focussed on promoting higher living standards and greater intergenerational wellbeing for New Zealanders. These require the country's Four Capitals - human, social, natural and financial/physical - to each be strong in their own right and to work well together.

The Four Capitals (natural, human, social, and financial and physical) are the assets that generate wellbeing now and into the future

Looking after intergenerational wellbeing means maintaining, nourishing, and growing the capitals





All aspects of the natural environment that support life and human activity. Includes land, soil, water, plants and animals, minerals and energy resources.





The norms, rules and institutions that influence the way in which people live and work together and experience a sense of belonging. Includes trust. reciprocity, the rule of law, cultural and community identity, traditions and customs, common values and interests





Human Capital

The capabilities and capacities of people

to engage in work, study, recreation,

and social activities. Includes skills,

knowledge, physical and mental health.

Financial and human-made (produced) physical assets, usually closely associated

with supporting material living conditions.

Includes factories, equipment, houses,

roads, buildings, hospitals, financial

Physical Capital



Civic engagement and governance



Cultural identity

The 12 Domains of

current wellbeing reflect our current understanding

of the things that contribute to how New Zealanders experience wellbeing



Environment



Health





Housing



Income and consumption



Jobs and earnings



Knowledge and skills



Time use



Safety and security



Social connections



Subjective wellbeing



Resilience

prompts us to consider how resilient the Four Capitals are in the face of change, shocks, and unexpected events

securities.

and-services/nz-economy/livingstandards/our-living-standardsframework

https://treasury.govt.nz/information-

THE WELLBEING BUDGET

30 May 2019



PRIORITIES FOR THE WELLBEING BUDGET



TAKING MENTAL HEALTH SERIOUSLY

30



IMPROVING CHILD WELLBEING

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SUPPORTING MÃORI AND PASIFIKA ASPIRATIONS

60



BUILDING A
PRODUCTIVE NATION

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TRANSFORMING THE ECONOMY

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INVESTING IN NEW ZEALAND

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Contribution to wellbeing of NZers

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