CORE LOG, PHOTOGRAPHS AND GRAIN SIZE ANALYSES

FROM THE CIROS-1 DRILLHOLE,

WESTERN MCMURDO SOUND, ANTARCTICA

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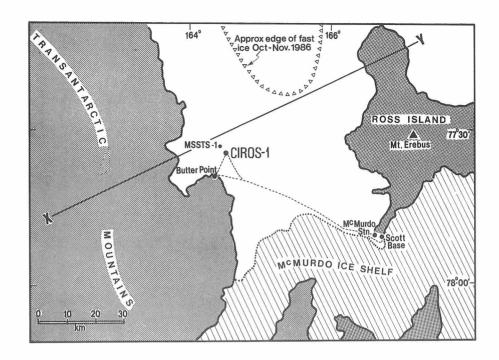
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
ABSTRACT a	nd KEYWORDS	1
INTRODUCTI	ON	1
DRILL SITE	OPERATIONS	3
Cor	re Depth	
Cor	re Splitting	
Cor	re Photography	
PROCEDURE	AND NOMENCLATURE USED IN CORE LOGGING	4
Cor	re Features	
Gra	in Size Determination	
Lit	chology and Sedimentary Features	
Cla	ast Composition, Size, Shape and Abundance	
Lit	chological Description	
GRAIN SIZE	ANALYSIS,	5
ACKNOWLEDG	GEMENTS	7
REFERENCES	8	7
CORE LOG A	AND LEGEND	9
APPENDIX 1	L - CORE PHOTOGRAPHS	183
APPENDIX 2	2 - GRAIN SIZE ANALYSES	231
	LIST OF FIGURES	
Figure 1.	Map of McMurdo Sound, western Ross Sea, and geological	ii
	cross-section, showing the location of MSSTS-1 and CIROS-1 $$	
Figure 2.	Summary lithologic log for CIROS-1	2
Figure 3.	Flow chart for grain size analysis of CIROS-1	5
Figure 4.	Grain size data for CIROS-1. Percent gravel was taken from the core log; percent sand, silt and clay were determined by analysis (see text for method and Appendix 2 for complete analyses).	6
	LIST OF TABLES	
Table 1.	Site data for CIROS-1	ii
Table 2.	Downhole depth for the core interval in each core box \dots	181



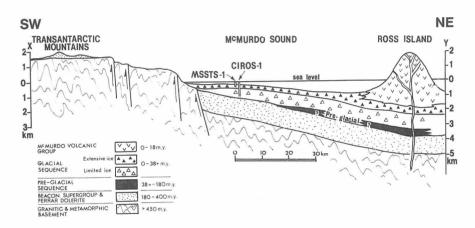


Figure 1. Map of McMurdo Sound, western Ross Sea, and geological cross-section, showing the location of MSSTS-1 and CIROS-1.

Table 1:

Site data for CIROS-1.

Position:

12 km northeast of Butter Point, McMurdo Sound.

(77°34' 54.7397"S; 164°29' 55.8950"E)

Water depth:

197.5 m. Sea ice thickness: 2 m.

First core taken:

15 October 1986. Last core taken 14 November 1986.

Depth drilled:

702.14 m sub seafloor.

Depth cored:

26.69 to 702.14 m (98% recovered).

Lithology:

Diamictite, mudstone, sandstone and mixed conglomerate.

Age of oldest sediment:

Early Oligocene (foraminifera and diatoms)

ABSTRACT

CIROS-1 is one of several holes drilled in the southwestern corner of the Ross Sea to investigate the glacial and tectonic history of the region. It was sited 12 km offshore on the western edge of the Victoria Land Basin and continuously cored from 26 to 702 m below the sea floor, with a core recovery of 98%. The strata range from Early Miocene back to Early Oligocene in age, and consist largely of shallow marine mudstone, sandstone and diamictite. This publication presents a lithologic log of the entire core at a scale of 1:20, a 1:4000 summary log, core photographs and grain size analyses from core samples.

KEYWORDS

CIROS-1, core description, core photographs, grain size analysis, Oligocene, Miocene, McMurdo Sound, Antarctica.

INTRODUCTION

The aim of the CIROS project was to obtain a record of the Cenozoic history of the southwest corner of the Ross Sea by coring the sedimentary strata offshore (Barrett 1982). Early Cenozoic strata are of particular interest because there are no strata of this age exposed on the Antarctic continent, and because this period saw the beginnings of Antarctic glaciation (Kennett 1977) and the rise of the Transantarctic Mountains (Fitzgerald et al. 1986).

Previous drilling in the Ross Sea at DSDP-270 (Hayes, Frakes et al. 1975) and MSSTS-1 (Barrett 1986) had shown that Antarctic glaciation went back at least 25 and 30 million years respectively. The CIROS-1 drillhole was designed to core even older strata beneath the floor of McMurdo Sound (Fig. 1) to record the major glacial advances and retreats and to find out when they began. The core was also expected to show evidence of the uplift history of the Transantarctic Mountains, which began to rise 50 Ma ago, according to fission track ages (Fitzgerald et al. 1986).

The CIROS-1 drillhole penetrated 702.14 m below the seafloor, 12 km northeast of Butter Point in western McMurdo Sound (Fig. 1, Table 1). Good core recovery has permitted a detailed lithological log, which is presented here. The drilling programme itself is described elsewhere (Antarctic Division 1986).

The drilled sequence (Fig. 2) is readily separable into an upper interval (sea floor to 366 m subbottom) of predominantly diamictite and mudstone with lonestones, and a lower interval (366 m to 702.14 m total depth) which is composed of mudstone, sandstone with minor amounts of diamictite and conglomerate. The upper interval is composed of 17 units with an interval of well-cemented sandstone and conglomerate marking the lower boundary at 365.85 m. The lower interval is finer-grained, and is characterised by thick massive mudstone. A conglomerate with mudstone intraclasts and dolerite boulders was the lowest unit cored.

The detailed lithological description presented (Core log sheets 1-170) is based principally on procedures used for previous drillholes in the area, notably MSSTS-1 (Barrett, 1986) and CIROS-2 (Pyne <u>et al</u>. 1985), and is explained, along with the core processing procedure in the following sections.

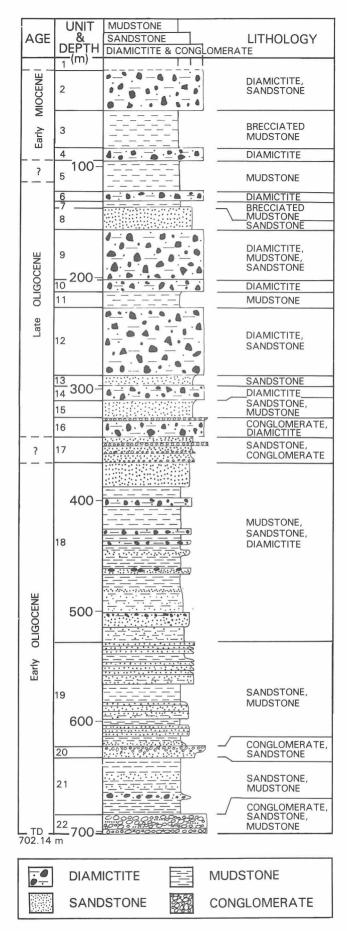


Figure 2. Summary lithologic log for CIROS-1. Ages are provisional. Those below 200 m are from diatoms (D. Harwood, pers. comm. May 1987) and those above 200 m are by lithologic correlation with MSSTS-1 from Barrett (1986).

DRILL SITE OPERATIONS

The core was processed as drilling proceeded in a 24 hour operation. A.R. Pyne supervised operations with J.N. Ashby, E.F. Hardy, C. Mills and B.D. Morris processing and readying the core for lithological description.

Core Depth

All core depths are recorded as metres beneath the sea floor after correction for a water depth of 197.5 m and tide which ranged up to 0.8 m.

The assigning of depths for the core within a core run were determined from a variety of features, such as percent recovery, continuity with the previous core run, core spin and catcher marks and known no recovery zones. Drilled depths were determined from the tensioned sea casing anchored to the seafloor and are therefore independent of tidal movement, which affected the sea ice and drilling platform.

Core Splitting

The CIROS-1 core was split lengthwise in 1 m lengths using either a specially constructed diamond saw splitting table for hard core, or a knife for those few intervals of very soft core. Core splits were boxed separately. One split was cleaned ready for core photography, description, sampling and eventual shipment to New Zealand. The other split was packaged for shipment to the United States.

Core storage facilities:

New Zealand Geological Survey P O Box 30-368 Lower Hutt New Zealand.

Sample requests to: Dr. P.J. Barrett, Victoria University of Wellington

Antarctic Research Facility
Department of Geology
Florida State University
Tallahasse, Florida
United States of America

- Sample requests to: Mr. Dennis S. Cassidy

Core Photography

The New Zealand boxed core split was photographed on-site with Ilford 220 black and white and Ektachrome 120 colour films. Bounced colour corrected flash light was used to illuminate core boxes and for closeup core photography. Black and white photographs of the core boxes are presented in Appendix 1.

PROCEDURE AND NOMENCLATURE USED IN CORE LOGGING

Detailed core logging was performed on-site by P.J. Barrett, K.J. Hall, M.J. Hambrey and P.H. Robinson. The log format is a standard graphical and descriptive presentation using nomenclature and symbols (Fig. 3) modified for core from Andrews (1982) and Shell Standard Legend (1976).

Core Features

The CORE column is a sketch depicting as near as possible the nature of the cut core face. Features described during core processing, such as core breaks, fractures, joints and large clasts were combined with more detailed and additional features recognised in core logging including veins, faults, strength and style of bedding, and their attitude (in degrees) relative to horizontal.

Core breaks are represented as a bold line; fault, fracture, vein and clast outlines are represented as fine lines, and bedding is depicted as dashes of varying length depending upon continuity.

Grain Size Estimation

Average grain size (Wentworth scale) has been visually estimated through the entire core and is depicted as a vertical line in the MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE column. Those lithologies with wide grain size distribution were given an average grain size for the matrix only (that is, for sediment 4 mm and finer). The coarser fraction (gravel) was visually estimated from the cut core face using comparison cards, and plotted as GRAVEL %. The percentage of intraclasts is shown in the gravel column in brackets. Grain size estimates have not been adjusted to conform with the results of the grain size analyses.

Lithology and Sedimentary Features

The LITHOLOGY column is divided in two. The left side graphically illustrates gross lithology, modified where appropriate for lithologic qualifiers (muddy, sandy, pebbly, etc). Also shown are the degree of induration and cementation, the presence of assessory minerals (pyrite, mica, etc), and the various clast types and shapes. The nature, thickness and strength of bedding, bedding features, fossil types and miscellaneous sediment features are graphically portrayed using standard sedimentary symbols plotted in the right column.

Clast Composition and Shape

Clast composition, size roundness, surface texture (striae) and percentage were determined for most units and subunits. These data will be presented elsewhere (Hall, in Barrett, in prep), but some data on clast composition and striae are recorded in the LITHOLOGY column, as well as in the description of each subunit, which summarises clast size and roundness data.

<u>Lithological Description</u>

The core was divided into subunits at the time of logging, each "subunit" representing a distinct lithofacies or facies association. Major unit boundaries were also designated on-site where marked changes in lithofacies occurred.

Each subunit description is set to a standard format:

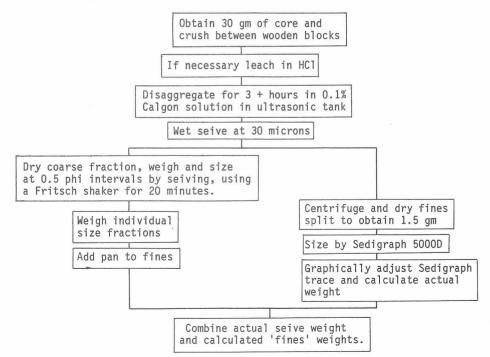
Nature of upper contact
Unit and subunit number
Subunit interval (depth)
Gross lithology(ies)
General description and colour
Stratification
Clasts
Other features

The subunit description begins with the degree of induration, cementation and stratification, a full textural name following the modified Folk textural classification (Andrews 1982), and colour (based on the Munsell Colour Chart). Other information presented for fresh wet core includes the nature of stratification, clast percentage, size, roundness and composition, sedimentary structures, (including soft sediment deformation features), biogenic material and tectonic features.

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS

Fifty-one samples were selected both to represent the range of facies and to cover the entire core. About 20 g was crushed between wooden blocks to pass through a 2 mm sieve. Calcareous samples were leached in hydrochloric acid. Others were stirred in 0.1% Calgon solution in an ultrasonic tank for 3 hours to aid disaggregation. Samples were checked for aggregates and some required up to 12 hours ultrasonic treatment for full disaggregation. The remainder of the analytical procedure is outlined in figure 3. The coarse (coarser than 5 phi) fraction was sized at ½ phi intervals by sieves and a Fritsch automatic shaker for 20 minutes on "intermittent". The fine fraction from the pan was added to the fines from wet sieving, all of which was split to provide a 1.2 - 1.6 g sample for settling analysis using the Sedigraph 5000D (Stein 1985). Macpherson (1986) discusses both the sieve calibration and correction of Sedigraph curves. The results of the grain size analyses are summarized in figure 4, and presented in detail in Appendix 2.

Figure 3. Flow chart for grain size analysis of CIROS-1.



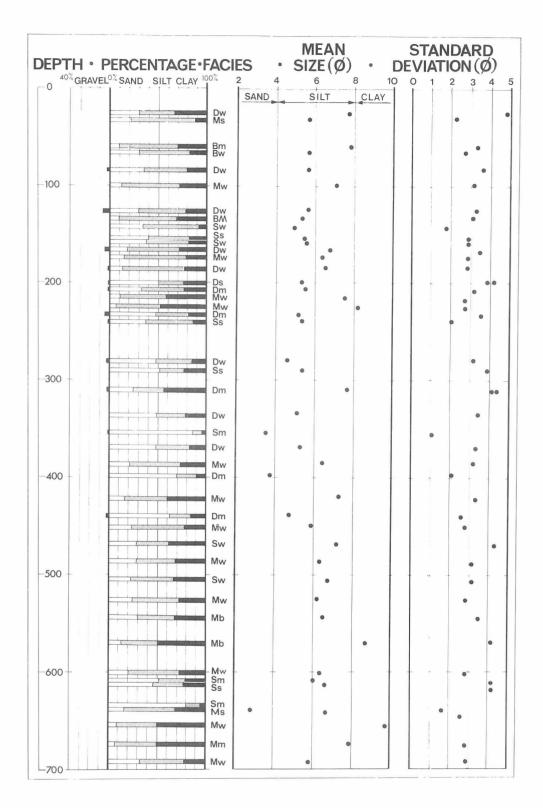


Figure 4. Grain size data for CIROS-1. Percent gravel was taken from the core log; percent sand, silt and clay were determined by analysis (see text for method and Appendix 2 for complete analyses).

Lithofacies coding: B - breccia, D - diamictite, M - mudstone and S - sandstone, with suffixes, m - massive, w - weakly stratified, s - moderately to well stratified and b - bioturbated.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The CIROS project was a joint venture between Victoria University of Wellington, who coordinated the science programme, Geophysics Division DSIR who supervised the drilling, and Antarctic Division DSIR, who provided the logistic support. The drilling rig was provided by the US National Science Foundation. Special thanks to Peter Gallagher and Terry Best (NZ Geological Survey) for their considerable effort in drafting the core logs. Figures 1 - 4 were drafted by Ted Hardy (VUW). Frank Williams (VUW) carried out the grain size analyses. John Casey (VUW photographic facility) helped develop the photographic system for the core and processed the core photographs.

Finally we thank the drillers, planners and those in the support system for the project. Without their efforts such an abundance and quality of core would not have been possible.

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Erosional (irregular)

			LEGEND		
			LITHOLOGY	(
Diamictite Mudstone Rhythmite				03.04 20.05	Sandstone Conglomerate
		LITHO	DLOGY QUA	ALIFIERS	
muddy carbonaceous		····	sandy calcareous	6	ooo°° pebbly
Pyrite			.OGY ACCI	ESSORIES	S м Mica
, , , , ,	ä		OSSIL TYP	ES	
Fossils in general	Ø	(brok	en)		Mollusc (articulated)
Scaphopod				_	Mollusc (single valve)
Gastropod					Echinoid
Sponge spicule				Ø	Leaf
Wood fragments					Indeterminate plant debris
Foraminifera in general					

Sharp

B

3

1

8

		C	CLAST TYPES		
@	Basement Complex	(D)	Ferrar Dolerite	B	Beacon Supergrou
	McMurdo Volcanic	<u>(S)</u>	Indurated sediment	0	Quartz
0	Limestone	0	Mudstone clast		Sandstone clast
	Diamictite				
			CONTACTS		

Gradational

SEDIMENTARY STRUCTURES

Weakly bedded Bedded Well bedded Horizontal bedding Inclined bedding Cross bedding 777 • • • • • • Graded bedding (normal) Graded bedding (reverse) Wavy bedding Discontinuous bedding > >Flaser bedding Lenticular bedding Asymmetrical ripples Symmetrical ripples 1 \bigoplus Bioturbation structures Burrows 9 Convolute bedding Mottling 21 Contorted and disrupted bedding Contorted bedding 44 Sand dykes Load structures シシ 1 Water escape structures Flame structures

MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS

	IVIISCELL.	ANEOUS STIVIBULS		
-o- Lonestones	=	Dropstones		Striations
Concretions/Nodules	Δ	Mouldic and vugular porosity	0	Clast rind / Weathering rind
frac Fractures	F	Faults	jts	Joints
Slickensides	\top	Indurated	cmt	Cemented
Ca Calcite vein	CI	Clay vein		
No core recovery				

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 1 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
ANO CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY		-0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	% 6 S S E S S		Sub-unit 1.1 3.41 – 3.70 m MUD AND SAND TO DIAMICTON Firm, well stratified (mm-bedded) mud (grey 10Y 5/1) interbedded with soft, moderately well sorted, fine sand (grey 10Y 4/1) (rhythmites) overlain by soft, sightly calcareous, unstratified poorly sorted, slightly gravelly muddy sand (diamicton)(greyish olive 7.5Y 5/2), which coarsens upwards. The sand throughout consists of largely basaltic grains. Clasts in the diamicton are mainly 15 to 60 mm long and include dolerite, basement and basic volcanics. There is also a 68 mm long pebble of carbonate-cemented diamictie and a dolerite >80 mm. Clasts range from angular to subrounded, and are on average subangular, with several striated. Unstratified thin bed of silty clay (olive grey 10Y 4/2) between 3.66 and 3.70 m.

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 2 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT &	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
ONE		- - - -	? ©	3	contact in non-cored interval - Sub-unit 2.1
	frac	- 27.0 	<1	·	26.69 – 29.85 m SANDSTONE AND DIAMICTITE Hard, moderately well stratified (cm- and mm-bedded), moderately well- sorted to poorly sorted, coarse to medium sandstone (grey 10Y 4/1) with minor interbeds of weakly stratified (mm-bedded), moderately well sorted, muddy fine sandstone and sandy mudstone (greenish grey 10G 5/1). Clasts are on average subrounded and two are striated. Clasts form 1 to 10% of the core. They range in size mainly from 5 to 30 mm, but 3 are >50 mm. Lithologies include basement, dolerite and basic volcanic rocks. Beds of hard, weakly stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), slightly conglomeratic muddy medium to fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark
TWO		- - - 28.0 - - -	5-10		greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1) from 26.79 to 27.32 and from 27.75 to 28.15 m. Between 29.05 and 29.30 m bedding is contorted and disrupted with deformation on a scale of 1 to 3 cm. ?Zeolite-lined cavities and surfaces with the form of burrows and bivalve shells in coarse sandstone bed from 29.45 to 29.48 m. Horizontal slickenside-like lineations in mudstone above clast at 29.57 m.
	7 frac	- 29.0	1-5		
THREE	-26-	- - -30.0	? (1'\ 	-3)	- contact gradational -

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 3 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT & S	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
THREE	frac frac frac	frac	1-5		Sub-unit 2.2 29.85 - 33.06 m DIAMICTITE Hard, slightly conglomeratic muddy medium to fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark greenish grey 10GY 4/1). Unstratified above 31.98 m; weakly and diffusely stratified below. Clasts up to 15 mm form 1 to 5% of rock. Clasts range from angular to rounded but on average are subangular. Lithologies include basement and basic volcanic rocks. Clast-free, stratified (cm-bedded), moderately well sorted, sandy mudstone (dark greenish grey 10G 4/1) with gradational contacts from 31.98 to 32.33 m. Stringer of coarse sandstone to fine conglomerate at 32.33 m.
		-	1-5		contact sharp – Sub-unit 2.3 33.06 – 33.80 m
BIICH	frac		5-10		DIAMICTITE Hard, weakly stratified (mm- to cm-bedded), conglomeratic muddy medium sandstone (diamictite) (dark greenish grey 10GY 4/1). Bedding dips steeply (up to 35°) and is emphasised by dissolution. Clasts average 2 to 8% of core and are mostly between 5 and 18 mm long, though one large granite clast is > 140 mm. Bedrock clasts are largely basic volcanic. Intraclasts of sandstone and grit are also common. All are on average subrounded. — contact at base of large clast –

	PF	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 4 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT TO TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
FOUR	frac	-34.0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(a e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		Sub-unit 2.4 33.80 — 36.88 m SANDSTONE Interbeds of hard, unstratified, moderately well sorted, very fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 10GY 3 1) and weakly stratified (cm-bedded), very poorly sorted, coarse sandstone (dark greyish yellow 2.5Y 4 2). Stratification is irregular, discontinuous and cross-bedded with dips up to 25 . Common contorted and disrupted bedding. Clasts form <1% in upper part of sub-unit to around 10% near base. Bedrock clasts are subangular to subrounded and from 5 to 10 mm long. One is striated and several are faceted. Lithologies include basic volcanics, basement and dolerite. Slightly larger (up to 22 mm) subrounded coarse sandstone and mudstone intraclasts also occur. Vugular and shell mouldic porosity widespread.
FIVE	10 miles of the control of the contr	-36.0 	5 5 5-10		contact sharp – Sub-unit 2.5 36.88 — 38.82 m DIAMICTITE AND SANDSTONE Hard, weakly stratified (cm-bedded), conglomeratic muddy medium to fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark greenish grey 10Y 4 1), separated by hard, weakly stratified to well stratified (cm-bedded), moderately poorly sorted, coarse to fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4 1 to 10GY 3/1). Discontinuous and irregular stratification marked by coarse sandstone partings. Clasts in the diamictite form 5% of the core. They range in size mainly from 5 to 25 mm, but several are >50 mm and a volcanic clast at 37.00 m is >160 mm. Clasts on average are subangular and several are faceted. Lithologies include basement(40%), basic volcanics(30%), dolerite(10%) and chert. Cavities in coarse sandstone from 37.82 to 37.95 m have the form of bivalve shells (one articulated).

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 5
					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT 77	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
-			% 6 30E+5		
FIVE		- 38.0 - - - - - - -	20-30	T. 0.	contact sharp – Sub-unit 2.6 38.82 ¬ 40.08 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA AND DIAMICTITE Three beds of moderately hard, poorly sorted brecciated mudstone (dark
		- 39.0 - - - - -	(60) (70) (70) (70) (70) (70) (70) (70) (7		bluish grey 5BG 4/1) (38.8 to 39.07 m, 39.14 to 39.28 m, 39.68–39.92 m). Bedding on mm– to cm–scale, moderately well developed but contorted with dips up to 40. From 40 to 80% of the rock is formed of clasts up to 20 mm long. Between 70 and 90% are intraformational mudstone, the remainder being of basement and a few basic volcanic (mainly subangular to subrounded). Bed of soft, unstratified, conglomeratic muddy fine to very fine sandstone (diamictite) (greenish grey 10Y 6/1) from 39.55 to 39.68 m. Clasts form 20% of core, and include basement and minor volcanics as well as intraformational mudstone. They are mainly subangular to subrounded. There is one striated clast. Basal bed of unstratified, moderately well sorted, pebble conglomerate
	up to 40° (40) (40) (40) (40) (40) (40) (40) (40)		with 10% matrix. Pebbles range up to 10 mm and are rounded to subangular. Lithologies include basement (80%) and basic volcanic (20%). contact erosional – Sub–unit 2.7 40.08 – 40.78 m DIAMICTITE		
XIS	10	- - - - - - - - 41.0	15		Hard, weakly to well stratified (mm- to cm-bedded), conglomeratic muddy fine to very fine sandstone (diamictite) (greenish grey 10G 5/1). Stratification is subhorizontal to inclined (4-10-); weakly bedded at the base to well bedded in the upper 6 cm which is interlaminated sandstone and mudstone (rhythmite). Clasts form 10% of core and range in size from 5 to 10 mm, though one basement clast is >60 mm. Basement is the predominant clast type. Possible shell fragments. Thin bed of fine volcanic sandstone and quartz, feldspar, brown amphibole and minor glass at 40.35 m. — contact sharp — Sub-unit 2.8 40.78 – 42.84 m
SEVEN		- - - - - - - -	10		DIAMICTITE Variably hard to soft, unstratified, conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite) (greenish grey 10G 5/1). Clasts form 20% of core in upper part of sub-unit but proportion declines to 1% near base. They range from 5 to more than 30 mm long; they are angular to subrounded and on average are subrounded. Almost half are striated. About 70% are of basement and 30% are basic volcanic lithology.

	PF	ROJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 6 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
EIGHT SEVEN		- 42.0 	1-5		contact in interval of lost core – Sub-unit 2.9 43.72 – 44.81 m DIAMICTITE Soft, unstratified, conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite)(dark greenish grey 10Gy 4 1). Clasts form around 15% of core and range from 10 to 20 mm, but one gneiss is >90 mm. They range from angular to subrounded and on average are subrounded. About half are striated and faceted, and about 60% are basic volcanic, 35% are basement and 5% mudstone intraclasts. Possible shell fragments. contact in interval of lost core – Sub-unit 2.10 44.90 – 45.20 m DIAMICTITE Hard, weakly stratified, conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite) (dark greenish grey 10Y 4 1). Original weak stratification almost completely destroyed by bioturbation. Clasts form 8% of core and range from 5 to 20 mm long. Most are angular to subrounded. About 60% are basic volcanic, 40% are basement. Minor mudstone intraclasts, and a few vein quartz. A few shell fragments. Veins of calcite <1 mm thick pervade sub-unit. contact sharp to diffuse (loaded) - Sub-unit 2.11 45.42 – 45.76 m SAND Soft, weakly stratified, poorly sorted, medium to fine sand/olive black 10Y 3 1). Stratification uneven and partly disrupted. Some angular mudstone intraclasts. High volcanic content. contact gradational -

	PR	OJEC	T : CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 7
		11			SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
EIGHT BC	1)60(1 1 1 P) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-46.0 	GRAVEL SAND SILT 90 % DISCE-5 1 10 10		Sub-unit 2.12 45.76 - 48.50 m DIAMICTITE Hard, weakly stratified (cm-bedded), conglomeratic muddy fine sandstone (diamictite) (greenish grey 5BG 5/1). Original stratification partly disrupted, producing diamictite clast breccias, and in places contorted, dipping up to 30°. Bedrock clasts form 5 to 15% of core and range from 4 to 20 mm long. About 60% are volcanic (including red porphyritic felsite) and 40% are basement. Thin beds of unstratified, moderately well-sorted, medium sandstone (greenish grey 10GY 6/1) from 46.08 to 46.18 m and of weakly stratified, mudstone (dark bluish grey 5BG 4/1) from 46.96 to 47.04 m.
ENIN	13"	-48.0 -49.0 	5 (60) (50) (50) (50) (50) (50) (50) (50) (5		— contact sharp and loaded – Sub-unit 3.1 48.50 – 62.13 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA Hard, unstratified to weakly stratified, very poorly sorted, breccia of intraformational mudstone clasts in a sandy mudstone matrix (greenish grey 5BG 5/1 to dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1). Stratification is locally contorted and disrupted, showing dips up to 30° and at 51.40 m the hinge of an isoclinal fold. Matrix- and clast-supported with 80 to 90% mudstone clasts and the remainder bedrock derived. Mudstone clasts are on average 10 to 15 mm long and range up to 25 mm. Thin bed of well-stratified, pebbly coarse to fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1) from 48.73 to 48.98 m.

intraformational mudstone clasts in a sandy mudstone matrix (grey 556 \$71 to dark greenish grey 7.50 \$74 to 1.5 strainfloation is contorted and disrupted, showing disp up to 30° and at \$1.40 m to an isocialist fold. Marrix- and clasts-supported with 80 to 90% m clasts and the remander bedrock derived. Mudstone clasts are on. 10 to 15 mm long and range up to 25 mm. Thin bed of well-st pebbly coarse to fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 7.50 \$4/1) from to 48.98 m. 51.0	F	ROJEC	CT : CIRC	DS -1	- 6	SHEET NO.: 8
GRAVEL SAND SET 1 50.0	<u> </u>					SCALE: 1:20
Sub-unit 3.1 48.50 - 62.13 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA Herd, unstratified to weakly stratified, very poorly sorted, bre introduced introduction distance in a sandy mudstone matrix (signed by distance of the sandy mudstone distance of the sandy mudstone matrix (signed by distance of the sa	X NO.	(m)	1 1/200000 00 00 0		LOGY	DESCRIPTION
Sub-unit 3.1 48.50 - 62.13 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA Hard, unstratified to weakly stratified, very poorly sorted, bre introdromational muddstone clasts in a sandy mudstone matrix (grey S86 5)1 to dark greenish grey 7.501 4/1) front of an isoclinal fold. Matrix-and clast-supported with 80 to 90% m clasts and the remainder bedrook certained	() BO			SILT CLA		
10000000000000000000000000000000000000	NINE	51.0	(>50)			48.50 – 62.13 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA Hard, unstratified to weakly stratified, very poorly sorted, breccia of intraformational mudstone clasts in a sandy mudstone matrix (greenish grey 5BG 5/1 to dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1). Stratification is locally contorted and disrupted, showing dips up to 30° and at 51.40 m the hinge of an isoclinal fold. Matrix—and clast—supported with 80 to 90% mudstone clasts and the remainder bedrock derived. Mudstone clasts are on average 10 to 15 mm long and range up to 25 mm. Thin bed of well–stratified, pebbly coarse to fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1) from 48.73
(30) (30) (30) (30) (30) (30)	TEN Track	52.0	(60-70) (60-70) (30)			

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 9
					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
B8	00		GRAVEL SAND SILT J		
TEN	frac	- 54.0 - - - -	(30) OS		Sub-unit 3.1 48.50 - 62.13 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA Hard, unstratified to weakly stratified, very poorly sorted, breccia of intraformational mudstone clasts in a sandy mudstone matrix (greenish grey 5BG 5/1 to dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1). Stratification is locally contorted and disrupted, showing dips up to 30° and at 51.40 m the hinge of an isoclinal fold. Matrix-and clast-supported with 80 to 90% mudstone clasts and the remainder bedrock derived. Mudstone clasts are on average
	000	- - - - 55.0 - -	05		10 to 15 mm long and range up to 25 mm. Thin bed of well-stratified, pebbly coarse to fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1) from 48.73 to 48.98 m.
ELEVEN	5	- - - - - 56.0			
	255	- - - - 57.0			
	170	- /- - - -			
TWELVE		- 58.0			

BOX NO.							SHEET NO.: 10
BOX NO.					putorest secono ciditi di territo i inglici ta	Ministrative and a second delication of	SCALE: 1:20
B	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MED GRAIN	SIZE	LITHOLOGY		DESCRIPTION
Ц))		GRAVEL SA % 5, Sပါ	ND SILT S			
	30°	- 58.0 - - - -	(>60)			~-o-	Sub-unit 3.1 48.50 - 62.13 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA Hard, unstratified to weakly stratified, very poorly sorted, breccia of intraformational mudstone clasts in a sandy mudstone matrix (greenish grey 5BG 5/1 to dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1). Stratification is locally contorted and disrupted, showing dips up to 30° and at 51.40 m the hinge
TWELVE		- - - -59.0 -	(50)				of an isoclinal fold. Matrix-and clast-supported with 80 to 90% mudstone clasts and the remainder bedrock derived. Mudstone clasts are on average 10 to 15 mm long and range up to 25 mm. Thin bed of well-stratified, pebbly coarse to fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1) from 48.73 to 48.98 m.
	frac	- - - - - - - - -	(60–70)	000	0000	Δ -0- Δ -0- Δ	
THIRTEEN	frac	- - - 61.0 - - - - -	(60–70)	00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	o- Δ	

	PR	OJEC	T : CIROS -	1		SHEET NO.: 11
						SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHOLO	GY	DESCRIPTION
FOURTEEN	88° 100000 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100	-62.0				— contact gradational – Sub-unit 3.2 62.13 – 63.32 m SANDSTONE AND DIAMICTITE Hard to firm, unstratified to weakly and diffusely stratified (mm- to cm-bedded), muddy fine to very fine sandstone (grey 10Y 4/1) with partial intraformational brecciation. Contorted bed (63.00 to 63.12 m) of weakly stratified diamictite(grey 10Y 4/1). Clasts comprise 5 to 10% of core and range up to 24 mm in length. Most are subangular to subrounded. About 70% are basement and 30% basic volcanic lithology. Small crystals of pyrite disseminated through the core. — contact sharp, possibly slumped – Sub-unit 3.3 MUDSTONE BRECCIA 63.32 – 73.10 m Hard, unstratified to weakly stratified (mm-bedded), very poorly sorted, sandy mudstone breccia (intraformational) (dark olive grey 5GY 4/1). Stratification is locally distorted and disrupted into mudstone clasts up to 20 mm long that form 10 to 90% of the core (less towards base of sub-unit). Bedding dips as much as 55: Bedrock clasts, mostly granule size but a few more than 20 mm long, form <1% of the core. Lithologies include dolerite, basement and basic volcanic rocks. Veins of clay, some light grey and others black, occur below 65 m. Some run parallel with tectonic fractures, which are mostly steeply inclined. Thin vertical synsedimentary dykes of sandstone from 67.70 to 68.53 m and 69.55 to 69.90 m. Fault breccia at 72.10 m.

	PR	OJEC	T : CIROS -	-1		SHEET NO.: 12
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT 중		DLOGY	SCALE: 1:20 DESCRIPTION
FOURTE FOURTE	20°-	- 66.0 - 67.0 - 67.0 - 68.0 - 69.0 - 69.0	(15) <1			Sub–unit 3.3 63.32 – 73.10 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA Hard, unstratified to weakly stratified (mm-bedded), very poorly sorted, sandy mudstone breccia (intraformational) (dark olive grey 5GY 4/1). Stratification is locally distorted and disrupted into mudstone clasts up to 20 mm long that form 10 to 90% of the core (less towards base of sub–unit). Bedding dips as much as 55°. Bedrock clasts, mostly granule size but a few more than 20 mm long, form < 1% of the core. Lithologies include dolerite, basement and basic volcanic rocks. Veins of clay, some light grey and others black, occur below 65 m. Some run parallel with tectonic fractures, which are mostly steeply inclined. Thin vertical synsecimentary dykes of sandstone from 67.70 to 68.53 m and 69.55 to 69.90 m. Fault breccia at 72.10 m.

	PR	OJEC	T : CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 13
					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
8	GRAVEL SAND SILT \$\frac{2}{7}\$ % \$\frac{3}{111111}\$				
		70.0 	(30)	 	Sub-unit 3.3 63.32 - 73.10 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA Hard, unstratified to weakly stratified (mm-bedded), very poorly sorted, sandy mudstone breccia (intraformational) (dark olive grey 5GY 4/1).
		- - -	(50)	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Stratification is locally distorted and disrupted into mudstone clasts up to 20 mm long that form 10 to 90% of the core (less towards base of subunit). Bedding dips as much as 55°. Bedrock clasts, mostly granule size but a few more than 20 mm long, form < 1% of the core. Lithologies include dolerite, basement and basic volcanic rocks. Veins of clay, some light grey and others black, occur below 65 m. Some run parallel with tectonic fractures, which are mostly steeply inclined. Thin vertical synsedimentary dykes of sandstone from 67.70 to 68.53 m and 69.55 to 69.90 m. Fault breccia at
SIXTEEN) [[[]] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	- 71.0 ·	(20)		72.10 m.
V	11/	- - - 72.0	(10)		
		 - 	(10)	85000 B - @	
	frac	-	(50)		
	33	- - CI vein -73.0	0		
SEVENTEEN		-			73.10 - 75.60 m
SEVE	trac	- - - -74.0		Py T	Moderately hard to hard, well stratified (mm- to cm-bedded), sandy mudstone (dark greenish grey 10GY 4/1). Stratification is near horizontal, discontinuous and wavy. Rare lonestones up to 8 mm long of basement and basic volcanic composition. Burrows 1 to 10 mm wide, both inclined and horizontal, associated with well stratified clayey beds (dark grey N3). Nodules of disseminated pyrite from 73.26 to 73.60 m.

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 14
L					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
SEVENTEEN	frac	74.0	% 5\SUE-5		Sub-unit 3.4 73.10 - 75.60 m MUDSTONE Moderately hard to hard, well stratified (mm- to cm-bedded), sandy mudstone (dark greenish grey 10GY 4/1). Stratification is near horizontal, discontinuous and wavy. Rare lonestones up to 8 mm long of basement and basic volcanic composition. Burrows 1 to 10 mm wide, both inclined and horizontal, associated with well stratified clayey beds (dark grey N3). Nodules of disseminated pyrite from 73.26 to 73.60 m.
EIGHTEEN	frac		<1 <1 ×1	-0000000000000-	Sub-unit 3.5 75.60 - 79.14 m SANDSTONE Hard, unstratified to weakly stratified (cm-bedded), poorly sorted, muddy very fine sandstone (dark olive grey 2.5GY 4 1). Occassional slight disruption of bedding resulting in lenticular pseudobedding. Stratification dips < 10. Bedrock clasts up to 8 mm form < 1% of core but are slightly more common towards the base. Most are subangular to subrounded. They include basement and basic volcanic lithologies. The sub-unit has numerous subvertical fractures and associated mouldic porosity.
		- - -78.0	<1	9	

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1		SHEET NO.: 15
						SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT	LITHOL	OGY	DESCRIPTION
			% 5 \$∪E+5			
EIGHTEEN	33	-78.0	<1	 	-0-	
	79.0 vein	1-5	D O O	-0-	contact gradational over 20 cm – Sub-unit 3.6 79.14 – 80.13 m DIAMICTITE Hard, weakly to well stratified, slightly conglomeratic muddy very fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark olive grey 2.5GY 4/1).	
NINETEEN		45°	5 .0.	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>	Bedding inclined (upto 45°), diffuse, weak and on cm scale in upper part; well stratifed with matrix alternating between muddy and sandy and on mm scale in lower part. Bedrock clasts form between 2 and 5% of core, and range up to 30 mm long. Most are subangular to subrounded. They include basement (50%), dolerite (30%) and basic volcanic (20%). Numerous synsedimentary fractures, occasionally parallel to stratification but mainly steeply dipping. Contorted fine sandstone lamina 3 mm thick at 79.70
		frac	<1	·	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	m. —contact sharp – Sub-unit 3.7 80.13 to 81.46 m SANDSTONE Hard, mainly broken, weakly stratified (mm- to cm-bedded), poorly sorted, muddy fine sandstone (dark olive grey 2.5GY 4/1). Stratification loaded and slightly disrupted near top. Clasts mainly rare scattered granules, but include a 30 mm long dolerite. Dark gritty sandstone layer 15 mm thick at 81.15 m. Occasional thin, less muddy, pale grey brown sandy laminae towards base. Intact core shows irregular subvertical synsedimentary fractures.
			<1	· ·····	-0-	Sub-unit 3.8 81.46 - 82.36 m SANDSTONE TO MUDSTONE Hard, well-stratifed (mm- to cm-bedded), poorly sorted, muddy very fine sandstone to sandy mudstone (dark greenish grey 10GY 4/1). Stratification mainly regular but disrupted by synsedimentary faulting. Dips vary from 0 to 12. Small ionestones (up to 5 mm) and several dropstones form up to 10% of the core. About 20% of the interval has rhythmic bedding, with graded alternations
TWENT		frac	1			of medium to fine sandstone and muddy fine sandstone. Occasional black laminae. At 81.15 m a low angle fault displaces rhythmites downwards in direction of bedding dip.

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	·1	SHEET NO.: 16
L					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
BC	S		GRAVEL SAND SILT Y		
		-82.0 - frac	5	30,	contact sharp –
TWENTY		-83.0 1-5 -83.0			Sub-unit 4.1 82.36 - 88.91 m DIAMICTITE Moderatly hard, unstratified to weakly stratified (mm- to cm-bedded), slightly conglomeratic muddy fine to very fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark olive grey 2.5GY 4/1). Stratification is wispy in places, inclined (up to 30), discontinuous and occasionally contorted and disrupted. Clasts form between 1 and 10% of the core (increasing towards base of sub-unit). They range from subangular to rounded and average subrounded. About a quarter are striated and a similar proportion faceted. There are equal proportions of basement and dolerite and <2% volcanic rocks.
		- - - - - - 84.0	1-5		
TWENTY ONE	TWENTY ONE	- - - - - 85.0	5		
		- - - - 86.0	5-10		

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1		SHEET NO.: 17 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT TO STAND	LITHOLOG	GΥ	DESCRIPTION
TWENTY TWO	frac	86.0 				← contact sharp – Sub–unit 4.2
WI	200	Cl vein	(60)			 88.91 – 89.47 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA Hard, weakly stratified, poorly sorted breccia of intraformational mudstone clasts in a sandy mudstone matrix (dark greenish grey 10GY 4/1). Stratification is discontinuous and contorted, with dips up to 28. Breccia is clast-supported with 60% mudstone clasts on average 6 to 8 mm, but up to 12 mm long, and subangular to subrounded. Bedrock clasts up to 5 mm form <1% of the core. Near vertical clay-filled vein runs from 89.15 to 89.51 m. — contact sharp, deformed – Sub-unit 4.3 89.47 – 93.26 m DIAMICTITE, CONGLOMERATE AND MUDSTONE

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1		SHEET NO.: 18 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT さ	LITHOLOG	GY	DESCRIPTION
TWENTY TWO		90.0 	10		7	
Щ	==15° frac	- - - - 91.0 - - -	10-15 80 900 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0		3-	
TWENTY THREE		- - - - 92.0	50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		51	
TWENTY FOUR		93.0	15 5 1			contact rapid transition – Sub-unit 4.4 93.26-93.73 m CONGLOMERATE Firm, poorly sorted, weakly stratified, pebble conglomerate(matrix – dark olive grey 2.5GY 4 1). Clasts form 40 to 80% of core but grade down to 20% at base. Most are 4 to 20 mm, but range up to 45 mm long. They range from angular to rounded, averaging subrounded and over half are striated. About 70% are basement, 25% dolerite and 5% basic volcanic. Synsedimentary flow fold with horizontal fold axis near base. contact sharp – Sub-unit 4.5 93.73 – 93.91 m CONGLOMERATE Hard, unstratified, moderately well sorted, sandy pebble conglomerate. Clasts form 70% of the core and range from 4 to 20 mm long. They are subangular to subrounded. Some are striated. Most are basement and dolerite. Matrix is medium to fine sandstone (dark olive grey 2.5GY 4 1). contact sharp –

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 19
	, ,				SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	GRAIN SIZE		LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION	
	O		GRAVEL SAND SILT S		·
TWENTY FOUR	To frac	- 94.0 - frac - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(25) (80) (25) (25)		Sub-unit 5.1 93.91 — 121.16 m MUDSTONE Hard, weakly stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately well sorted, sandy mudstone (greenish grey to olive grey 5BG 4/1 to 5GY 4/1). Stratification is wispy mainly horizontal, but is locally contorted and dips up to 40. A few scattered lonestones mostly 5 to 10 mm long, but one granite at 105.50 m is > 160 mm. Lithologies are basement, dolerite and volcanic. The sub-unit is brecciated with sandy mudstone matrix between 94.60 and 96.10 m. Below this the sub-unit becomes slightly calcareous and changes colour to dark olive grey to grey (5GY 4/1 to 7.5Y 4.1). No brecciation can be seen but the pervasive, wispy stratification and mottling, along with definite burrowing locally, indicate moderately strong bioturbation. Most burrows are 1 to 2 mm wide and range from horizontal to vertical. A few burrows are 10 mm wide. Three pale grey flake breccia beds of strongly calcareous, mudstone at 99.40 to 99.44, 99.73 to 99.74 and 99.84 to 99.85 m. Dykes of poorly sorted, fine sandstone at 96.10, 96.72, 109.10 and 111.60 m. Possible echinoids at 97.35, 111.25 and 111.53 m. Scattered nodular and disseminated pyrite crystals.
TWENTY FIVE	30° frac	frac - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Py _C	Py	

	PR	OJEC	T: CIRC)S –1		SHEET NO.: 20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZ GRAVEL SAND S	E	LOGY	SCALE: 1:20 DESCRIPTION
TWENTY FIVE		- 98.0 - Ca vein 	< 1		\$ \(\nu_{-0-}\)	Sub-unit 5.1 93.91 – 121.16 m MUDSTONE Hard, weakly stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately well sorted, sandy mudstone (greenish grey to olive grey 5BG 4/1 to 5GY 4/1). Stratification is wispy mainly horizontal, but is locally contorted and dips up to 40°. A few scattered lonestones mostly 5 to 10 mm long, but one granite at 105.50 m is > 160 mm. Lithologies are basement, dolerite and volcanic. The sub-unit is brecciated with sandy mudstone matrix between 94.60 and 96.10 m. Below this the sub-unit becomes slightly calcareous and changes colour to dark olive grey to grey (5GY 4/1 to 7.5Y 4.1). No brecciation can be seen but the pervasive, wispy stratification and mottling, along with definite burrowing locally, indicate moderately strong bioturbation. Most burrows are 1 to 2 mm wide and range from horizontal to vertical. A few burrows are 10 mm wide. Three pale grey flake breccia beds of strongly calcareousmudstone at 99.40 to 99.44, 99.73 to 99.74 and 99.84 to 99.85
		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	< 1 (50) (30) (20) < 1	Py OD III Do Py Py T III Po Py T III III III III III III I		calcareousmudstone at 99.40 to 99.44, 99.73 to 99.74 and 99.84 to 99.85 m. Dykes of poorly sorted fine sandstone at 96.10, 96.72, 109.10 and 111.60 m. Possible echinoids at 97.35, 111.25 and 111.53 m. Scattered nodular and disseminated pyrite crystals.
TWENTY SIX		- - - - - -101.0	< 1	 Py⊘ ⊥ 		
			< 1	一 Py	-0-	

F	PROJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 21 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
TWENTY SEVEN	Ca vein Ca vein 103.0 Ca vein Ca vein Ca vein 104.0 Ca vein 105.0	T	Py T -0-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1	Sub-unit 5.1 93.91 – 121.16 m MUDSTONE Hard, weakly stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately well sorted, sandy mudstone (greenish grey to olive grey 5BG 4/1 to 5GY 4/1). Stratification is wispy mainly horizontal, but is locally contorted and dips up to 40°. A few scattered lonestones mostly 5 to 10 mm long, but one granite at 105.50 m is > 160 mm. Lithologies are basement, dolerite and volcanic. The sub-unit is brecciated with sandy mudstone matrix between 94.60 and 96.10 m. Below this the sub-unit becomes slightly calcareous and changes colour to dark olive grey to grey (5GY 4/1 to 7.5Y 4.1). No brecciation can be seen but the pervasive, wispy stratification and mottling, along with definite burrowing locally, indicate moderately strong bioturbation. Most burrows are 1 to 2 mm wide and range from horizontal to vertical. A few burrows are 10 mm wide. Three pale grey flake breccia beds of strongly calcareousmudstone at 99.40 to 99.44, 99.73 to 99.74 and 99.84 to 99.85 m. Dykes of poorly sorted fine sandstone at 96.10, 96.72, 109.10 and 111.60 m. Possible echinoids at 97.35, 111.25 and 111.53 m. Scattered nodular and disseminated pyrite crystals.
TWENTY EIGHT	Cl vein	····	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	PROJECT: CIROS -1 SHEET NO.: 22 SCALE: 1:20									
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT そ	LITHOLOGY		DESCRIPTION				
TWENTY EIGHT		- 106.0		DD T		Sub-unit 5.1 93.91 – 121.16 m MUDSTONE Hard, weakly stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately well sorted, sandy mudstone (greenish grey to olive grey 5BG 4/1 to 5GY 4/1). Stratification is wispy mainly horizontal, but is locally contorted and dips up to 40°. A few scattered lonestones mostly 5 to 10 mm long, but one granite at 105.50 m is > 160 mm. Lithologies are basement, dolerite and volcanic. The sub-unit is brecciated with sandy mudstone matrix between 94.60 and 96.10 m. Below this the sub-unit becomes slightly calcareous and changes colour to dark olive grey to grey (5GY 4/1 to 7.5Y 4.1). No brecciation can be seen but the pervasive, wispy stratification and mottling, along with definite burrowing locally, indicate moderately strong bioturbation. Most burrows are 1 to 2 mm wide and range from horizontal to vertical. A few burrows are 10 mm wide. Three pale grey flake breccia beds of strongly calcareousmudstone at 99.40 to 99.44, 99.73 to 99.74 and 99.84 to 99.85 m. Dykes of poorly sorted fine sandstone at 96.10, 96.72, 109.10 and 111.60 m. Possible echinoids at 97.35, 111.25 and 111.53 m. Scattered nodular and disseminated pyrite crystals.				
TWENTY NINE	Caveir	-108.0 		H : H . : H						

SCALE: 1:20 DEPTH (m) GRAIN SIZE CORAULE SAND SILT OF MULTIPLE SA		P.R	OJEC	T: CIROS	-1	SHEET NO.: 23
Covein Ca vein	BOX NO.	CORE		GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT		
Ca vein T Ca vein T Ca vein T Ca vein T Ca vein	TWENTY NINE	Cl vei	- Ca vein 		T T	93.91 – 121.16 m MUDSTONE Hard, weakly stratified (mm– and cm–bedded), moderately well sorted, sandy mudstone (greenish grey to olive grey 5BG 4/1 to 5GY 4/1). Stratification is wispy mainly horizontal, but is locally contorted and dips up to 40°. A few scattered lonestones mostly 5 to 10 mm long, but one granite at 105.50 m is > 160 mm. Lithologies are basement, dolerite and volcanic. The subunit is brecciated with sandy mudstone matrix between 94.60 and 96.10 m. Below this the sub-unit becomes slightly calcareous and changes colour to dark olive grey to grey (5GY 4/1 to 7.5Y 4.1). No brecciation can be seen but the pervasive, wispy stratification and mottling, along with definite burrowing locally, indicate moderately strong bioturbation. Most burrows are 1 to 2 mm wide and range from horizontal to vertical. A few burrows are 10 mm wide. Three pale grey flake breccia beds of strongly calcareousmudstone at 99.40 to 99.44, 99.73 to 99.74 and 99.84 to 99.85 m. Dykes of poorly sorted fine sandstone at 96.10, 96.72, 109.10 and 111.60 m. Possible echinoids at 97.35, 111.25 and 111.53 m. Scattered
	THIRTY AND THE PROPERTY OF THE		-112.0 -112.0 	——————————————————————————————————————		

	PF	ROJEC	T: CIROS -	1		SHEET NO.: 24
						SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE ≻	LITHOLOG	ŝΥ	DESCRIPTION
B	S		GRAVEL SAND SILT S			
		114.0 	<1	T		Sub-unit 5.1 93.91 – 121.16 m MUDSTONE Hard, weakly stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately well sorted, sandy mudstone (greenish grey to olive grey 5BG 4/1 to 5GY 4/1). Stratification is wispy mainly horizontal, but is locally contorted and dips up to 40°. A few scattered lonestones mostly 5 to 10 mm long, but one granite at 105.50 m is > 160 mm. Lithologies are basement, dolerite and volcanic. The sub-unit is brecciated with sandy mudstone matrix between 94.60 and 96.10 m. Below this the sub-unit becomes slightly calcareous and changes colour to dark olive grey to grey (5GY 4/1 to 7.5Y 4.1). No brecciation can be seen but the pervasive, wispy stratification and mottling, along with definite burrowing locally, indicate moderately strong bioturbation. Most burrows are 1 to 2 mm wide and range from horizontal to vertical. A few burrows
THIRTY ONE		-115.0 - CI vein	<1	⊥ ? Ø A A A A A A A A A		are 10 mm wide. Three pale grey flake breccia beds of strongly calcareousmudstone at 99.40 to 99.44, 99.73 to 99.74 and 99.84 to 99.85 m. Dykes of poorly sorted fine sandstone at 96.10, 96.72, 109.10 and 111.60 m. Possible echinoids at 97.35, 111.25 and 111.53 m. Scattered nodular and disseminated pyrite crystals.
		-116.0 - - - -	▼…	Py		
0	frac		 	*D		
THIRTY TWO	X III	- 15° -118.0				

	DD	0 150	T . 01000	1		
	PH	OJEC	T: CIROS-	1		SHEET NO.: 25
-				1		SCALE: 1:20
, S		DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN LITHO GRAIN SIZE		LOGY	DESCRIPTION
BOX NO.	CORE	(,	GRAVEL SAND SILT			
L			% 5/50E-5			
		-118.0 Cl vein	-	0	-0-	Sub-unit 5.1
	25°	-	i i			93.91 – 121.16 m MUDSTONE
	25°	-		o D	-0-	Hard, weakly stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately well sorted, sandy mudstone (greenish grey to olive grey 5BG 4/1 to 5GY 4/1). Stratification is wispy mainly horizontal, but is locally contorted and dips up to 40°. A
		_	<1	° ° T		few scattered lonestones mostly 5 to 10 mm long, but one granite at 105.50 m is > 160 mm. Lithologies are basement, dolerite and volcanic. The sub-
	1	Ca vein	0		-0-	unit is brecciated with sandy mudstone matrix between 94.60 and 96.10 m. Below this the sub-unit becomes slightly calcareous and changes colour to dark olive grey to grey (5GY 4/1 to 7.5Y 4.1). No brecciation can be
TWO	()				-0-	seen but the pervasive, wispy stratification and mottling, along with definite burrowing locally, indicate moderately strong bioturbation. Most burrows
THIRTY TWO	<u> </u>	-119.0	, т	•• •	-0-	are 1 to 2 mm wide and range from horizontal to vertical. A few burrows are 10 mm wide. Three pale grey flake breccia beds of strongly calcareousmudstone at 99.40 to 99.44, 99.73 to 99.74 and 99.84 to 99.85
F	A	-				m. Dykes of poorly sorted fine sandstone at 96.10, 96.72, 109.10 and 111.60 m. Possible echinoids at 97.35, 111.25 and 111.53 m. Scattered
		-	< 1		600	nodular and disseminated pyrite crystals.
		_		_	~_	
		-			<u></u>	
	7,1	-		_	U	
		- 15° 120.0	エ		6-1/	
H	1	Ca vein				
	7	-	<1 -		% ⊕	
	/	-	T		~	
	1	-				
	frac		<1			_a .
THREE		CI vein - 121.0				
THIRTY TI		-				r contact gradational over a few mm and slightly deformed -
툳		-	5	0000	5	Sub-unit 6.1
		_	20	0000		121.16 – 121.93 m DIAMICTITE Hand all the hand access a weekly attratified, conglement in muddy fine
		_	0.0			Hard, slightly calcareous, weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy fine sandstone (diamictite) (grey 7.5Y 4/1). Stratification is on a cm scale, and is diffuse and irregular. Bounding contacts
		-	1	. H		show soft sediment deformation. Clast content is variable, forming 1 to 20% of the core. They range up to 30 mm long. Most are subangular to subrounded. About 60% are basement,
		-	5		-0-	30 mm long. Most are subangular to subrounded. About 60% are basement, 30% are dolerite and <10% are volcanic. — contact gradational over a few mm and slightly deformed –
	×	-122.0				

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 26
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT &	LITHOLOGY	SCALE: 1:20 DESCRIPTION
THIRTY THREE	3"	122.0 CI vein	< 1	○ T ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Sub-unit 6.2 121.93 - 123.15 m MUDSTONE Hard, weakly stratified (mm-bedded), moderately well sorted to poorly sorted, sandy mudstone (grey 7.5Y 4/1). Stratification is wispy and irregular, suggestive of bioturbation. It is mainly horizontal but locally dips at up to 10. A few subangular bedrock clasts from 5 to 11 mm long.
THIRTY FOUR	<100 10-15 15	-124.0	5-10 5-10 5-10 5-10 5-10 5-10		Sub-unit 6.3 123.15 - 126.36 m DIAMICTITE Hard, slightly calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified (mm- to cmbedded), conglomeratic muddy fine sandstone (grey 10Y 4/1). Stratification includes horizontal and inclined (10-15) bedding, contorted in places. Clasts form 5 to 10% of the core, averaging 10 to 15 mm, and reaching 60 mm, in length. Clasts are mostly subrounded, one is striated. They consist of equal proportions of basement and dolerite. Occasional mudstone and sandstone intraclasts.

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1		SHEET NO.: 27
						SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.		DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHO	LOGY	DESCRIPTION
BO	CORE		GRAVEL SAND SILT &			,
THIRTY SIX THIRTY FIVE	100	-126.0				Contact sharp and inclined – Sub-unit 6.4 126.36 – 128.03 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, unstratified, conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite) (grey 10Y 4/1). Clasts in core vary from 1 to 40% with diffuse local concentrations especially beneath a large gneiss clast (127.21 to 127.30 m) and at base. One clast is striated. Most are 10 to 20 mm long and subangular to subrounded. About 65% are basement, 30% dolerite and 5% volcanic. Contact sharp and contorted – Sub-unit 6.5 128.03 – 129.01 m MUDSTONE BRECCIA Hard, slightly calcareous, well stratified, poorly sorted, sandy mudstone and muddy sandstone (grey 10Y 4/1). Partially brecciated with up to 70% angular mudstone clasts. Rare (<1%) granules and pebbles. Synsedimentary faulting, thrusting, inclined and contorted bedding, and muddy very fine sandstone dyke at base. Contact sharp — Sub-unit 6.6 129.01 – 129.60 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to well stratified, conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite) (grey 10Y 4/1). Well stratified at top, unstratified in middle and weakly stratified at base. Clasts form 2 to 15% of the core, averaging 10 mm, but ranging up to 20 mm long. Most are angular to subangular. About 70% are dolerite, 25% basement and 5% volcanic. Bed includes a few mudstone intraclasts up to 30 mm. Numerous veins associated with partial brecciation at 129.45 m. —contact sharp and dipping at 25 – Sub-unit 6.7 129.60 – 129.96 m MUDSTONE AND CONGLOMERATE Hard, weakly stratified, very poorly sorted, sandy mudstone and muddy very fine sandstone (grey 7.5Y 4/1). Mudstone beds partially brecciated and surrounded by sandstone. Conglomerate from 129.62 to 129.70 m has about 60% mudstone intraclasts, 20% basement and 20% volcanic. Bed contacts are gradational. Possible bioturbation structures at base. —contact gradational —

	PR	OJEC	T: CIRC	DS -1		SHEET NO.: 28
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZ	ZE SILT Y	DLOGY	SCALE: 1:20 DESCRIPTION
THIRTY SIX		- 130.0 	(60) < 1			Sub-unit 7.1 129.96 – 136.01 m MUDSTONE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified, poorly sorted, intraformational mudstone clast breccia with a sandy mudstone matrix (grey 10Y 4/1). Stratification is generally discontinuous and variable in dip up to 40. Mudstone clasts average 8 to 12 mm long. Bedrock clasts form <1% of the core, and are either basement or dolerite. The sub-unit includes thin beds of fine to very fine sandstone (olive black N 3/1) that are contorted and occasionally disrupted. Sandstone dykes occur irregularly throughout the sub-unit. Two beds of muddy medium to very fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1 to 3/1) from 129.96 to 130.25 m and 131.58 to 131.97 m with irregular and contorted bedding. A few burrows and bioturbation structures.
THIRTY SEVEN	-400	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				

	PR	OJEC	T : CIROS -	1		SHEET NO.: 29
L						SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE ≿	LITHOLOGY		DESCRIPTION
B	S		GRAVEL SAND SILT S			
THIRTY SEVEN		-134.0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Sub-unit 7.1 129.96 – 136.01 m MUDSTONE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified, poorly sorted, intraformational mudstone clast breccia with a sandy mudstone matrix (grey 10Y 4/1). Stratification is generally discontinuous and variable in dip up to 40°. Mudstone clasts average 8 to 12 mm long. Bedrock clasts form < 1% of the core, and are either basement or dolerite. The sub-unit includes thin beds of fine to very fine sandstone (olive black N 3/1) that are contorted and occasionally disrupted. Sandstone dykes occur irregularly throughout the sub-unit. Two beds of muddy medium to very fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1 to 3/1) from 129.96 to 130.25 m and 131.58 to 131.97 m with irregular and contorted bedding. A few burrows and bioturbation structures.
THIBLY FIGHT		- CI vein - 136.0 - 137.0	(<20) (5) H	H (0)		Sub-unit 8.1 136.01 – 152.94 m SANDSTONE Hard to moderately hard (but soft in a few places), calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified and well stratified (mm-bedded), moderately well sorted, fine to very fine sandstone (dark olive grey 5GY 3/1 to 4/1). Muddy near top of sub-unit. Patches of greater carbonate cementation are slightly lighter (olive grey 2.5GY 5/1). Burrowing commonly disrupts stratification, and in many places destroys it completely. Load features, dish structures and contorted stratification (with recumbent isoclinal folds) at several levels. Clasts are dispersed throughout but they form much less than 1% of the core and most are <5 mm long. The larger ones range from 10 to 55 mm and are angular to rounded. Dominant lithologies are dolerite and basement. Other features include synsedimentary faults and sandstone dykes.

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1		SHEET NO.: 30 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHOLOGY	Y	DESCRIPTION
		-138.0 				Sub-unit 8.1 136.01 – 152.94 m SANDSTONE Hard to moderately hard (but soft in a few places), calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified and well stratified (mm-bedded), moderately well sorted, fine to very fine sandstone (dark olive grey 5GY 3/1 to 4/1). Muddy near top of sub-unit, Patches of greater carbonate cementation are slightly lighter (olive grey 2.5GY 5/1). Burrowing commonly disrupts stratification, and in many places destroys it completely. Load features, dish structures and contorted stratification (with recumbent isoclinal folds) at several levels. Clasts are dispersed throughout but they form much less than 1% of the core and most are < 5 mm long. The larger ones range from 10 to 55 mm and are angular to rounded. Dominant lithologies are dolerite and basement. Other features include synsedimentary faults and sandstone dykes.
THIRTY NINE	10	-				
FORTY	vein	vein —141.0 vein		H H -		

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1		SHEET NO.: 31
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT	LITHOLOGY		SCALE: 1:20 DESCRIPTION
FORTY	-202-	-142.0 10°	% 6/80E-5			Sub-unit 8.1 136.01 – 152.94 m SANDSTONE Hard to moderately hard (but soft in a few places), calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified and well stratified (mm-bedded), moderately well sorted, fine to very fine sandstone (dark olive grey 5GY 3/1 to 4/1). Muddy near top of sub-unit. Patches of greater carbonate cementation are slightly lighter (olive grey 2.5GY 5/1). Burrowing commonly disrupts stratification, and in many places destroys it completely. Load features, dish structures and contorted stratification (with recumbent isoclinal folds) at several levels. Clasts are dispersed throughout but they form much less than 1% of the core and most are < 5 mm long. The larger ones range from 10 to 55 mm and are angular to rounded. Dominant lithologies are dolerite and basement. Other features include synsedimentary faults and sandstone dykes.
FORTY ONE	125	- 144.0 - up to 40°	<1			

PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1		SHEET NO.: 32 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHO	LOGY	DESCRIPTION
FORTY ONE	- 146.0 	H H			Sub-unit 8.1 136.01 – 152.94 m SANDSTONE Hard to moderately hard (but soft in a few places), calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified and well stratified (mm-bedded), moderately well sorted, fine to very fine sandstone (dark olive grey 5GY 3/1 to 4/1). Muddy near top of sub-unit. Patches of greater carbonate cementation are slightly lighter (olive grey 2.5GY 5/1). Burrowing commonly disrupts stratification, and in many places destroys it completely. Load features, dish structures and contorted stratification (with recumbent isoclinal folds) at several levels Clasts are dispersed throughout but they form much less than 1% of the core and most are < 5 mm long. The larger ones range from 10 to 55 mm and are angular to rounded. Dominant lithologies are dolerite and basement. Other features include synsedimentary faults and sandstone dykes.
FORTY TWO	-147.0 				

PROJECT: CIROS -1 SHEET NO.: 33 SCALE: 1:20 DEPTH MEDIAN LITHOLOGY **DESCRIPTION** BOX NO. (m)**GRAIN SIZE** GRAVEL SAND SILT თგაE⊬,≵ - 150.0 Sub-unit 8.1 5 136.01 - 152.94 m SANDSTONE < 1 Hard to moderately hard (but soft in a few places), calcareous, unstratified G to weakly stratified and well stratified (mm-bedded), moderately well sorted, fine to very fine sandstone (dark olive grey 5GY 3/1 to 4/1). Muddy near top of sub-unit. Patches of greater carbonate cementation are slightly lighter (olive grey 2.5GY 5/1). Burrowing commonly disrupts stratification, and in 9 many places destroys it completely. Load features, dish structures and contorted stratification (with recumbent isoclinal folds) at several levels. Clasts are dispersed throughout but they form much less than 1% of the core and most are < 5 mm long. The larger ones range from 10 to 55 mm FORTY THREE N and are angular to rounded. Dominant lithologies are dolerite and basement. Other features include synsedimentary faults and sandstone dykes. 151.0 -0-< 1 152.0 4 - contact sharp with concentration of granules -153.0 Sub-unit 8.2 152.94 - 156.31 m SANDSTONE Mainly hard, well stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately sorted, muddy FOUR fine sandstone (grey 7.5GY 4/1) and minor sandy mudstone. Stratification largely destroyed by bioturbation between 153.20 and 153.80 m. Elsewhere it varies from subhorizontal to overturned in isoclinal slump FORTY folds (horizontal fold axes) defined by sandy and muddy beds on a scale of \bigoplus 1 to 10 cm. Faulting followed folding. Bioturbated interval could be large foreset. A few scattered clasts up to 8 mm long form <1% of the core. 154.0

PRO	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 34
		***		SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
FORTY FOUR	-154.0 			Sub-unit 8.2 152.94 - 156.31 m SANDSTONE Mainly hard, well stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately sorted, muddy fine sandstone (grey 7.5GY 4/1) and minor sandy mudstone. Stratification largely destroyed by bioturbation between 153.20 and 153.80 m. Elsewhere it varies from subhorizontal to overturned in isoclinal slump folds (horizontal fold axes) defined by sandy and muddy beds on a scale of 1 to 10 cm. Faulting followed folding. Biotubated interval could be large foreset. A few scattered clasts up to 8 mm long form < 1% of the core.
FORTY FIVE	-156.0 -156.0 			contact sharp – Sub-unit 9.1 156.31 – 158.57 m SANDSTONE Hard (in parts soft), weakly stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately well sorted, fine to very fine sandstone (greenish grey to dark greenish grey 7.5GY 5.1 to 4.1). Olive grey (2.5GY 6.1) patches of calcareous cement. Stratification ranges from subhorizontal and discontinuous to disrupted and contorted. Normally graded bedding from 158.12 to 158.41 m. Rare bedrock lonestones and mudstone intraclasts. Some burrows, shell moulds and nodular pyrite.

	PR	OJEC	T : CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 35
					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
FORTY SIX FORTY FIVE		-158.0 	50 (00)		Gradational contact − Sub-unit 9.2 158.57 − 158.77 m CONGLOMERATE Moderately hard, unstratified, very poorly sorted, sandy pebble conglomerate. Normally graded from clast- to matrix-supported, with matrix colour dark greenish grey (7.5GY 5/1). Clasts form 50% of the core. They are subangular to rounded, with an average size of 6 to 8 mm and the largest at 58 mm. Basement and dolerite clasts are in equal proportions and 10% are sandstone intraclasts. contact sharp (erosional) − Sub-unit 9.3 158.77 − 160.51 m SANDSTONE Hard, weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy fine sandstone(dark olive grey 2.5GY 4/1). Stratification defined by disrupted stringers of muddy sandstone and sandy mudstone, in places highly contorted. Bedrock clasts form between 1 and 2% of the core. Most are 4 to 10 mm, but they range up to 33 mm. Most are subangular to subrounded. About 60% are basement, 30% dolerite and 10% volcanic. Dolerite clast at base is striated and faceted. Bed from 159.94 to 160.08 m is a moderately poorly sorted, medium sandstone with numerous sandstone rip-up clasts in the upper 6 cm. contact sharp – Sub-unit 9.4 160.51 − 165.10 m DIAMICTITE Hard, weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy very fine sandstone (diamictite) (greenish grey 10GY 5/1). Minor conglomeratic sandy mudstone. Stratification highly disrupted and contorted, with flame structures and brecciation. Clasts form 1 to 5% of the core, except for a layer at 164.60 m where they form 15%. Most are 5 to 15 mm, but a few are up to 30 m and are subangular to subrounded. About 60% are basement, 30% are dolerite and 10% are volcanic.
*		_ 			

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 36 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT TO THE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
	8	162.0 	5		Sub-unit 9.4 160.51 - 165.10 m DIAMICTITE Hard, weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy very fine sandstone (diamictite) (greenish grey 10GY 5/1). Minor conglomeratic sandy mudstone. Stratification highly disrupted and contorted, with flame structures and brecciation. Clasts form 1 to 5% of the core, except for a layer at 164.60 m where they form 15%. Most are 5 to 15 mm, but a few are up to 30 m and are subangular to subrounded. About 60% are basement, 30% are dolerite and 10% are volcanic.
FORTY SEVEN		- 163.0 vein	5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
FOI		- -164.0 - - - -	5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	
FORTY EIGHT	0.00 2.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00	- 165.0 - 165.0 - 15° - CI vein	(1-5) (30) (25) (25)		— contact sharp and erosional – Sub-unit 9.5 165.10 – 168.16 m SANDSTONE, DIAMICTITE AND CONGLOMERATE Hard, weakly stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately sorted, muddy fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 10GY 4 1) interbedded with poorly sorted, coarse to medium sandstone and conglomerate. Stratification in the sandstone is disrupted and contorted and beds contain sandstone and mudstone intraclasts. The conglomerates are clast-supported and contain 50% sandstone intraclasts, 30% dolerite and 20% basement and others. Clasts are subangular to rounded and range from 4 to 50 mm. One clast is striated. Beds of weakly stratified diamictite (greenish grey 10GY 5 1) from 160.00 to 160.14 m and 167.20 to 167.75 m with 20 and 60% subrounded sandstone and mudstone clasts (4 to 30 mm) respectively.

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 37 SCALE: 1:20	
BOX NO.	끪	DEPTH (m)	H MEDIAN LITHOL GRAIN SIZE		Y	DESCRIPTION
BO	GRAVEL SAND SILT Y					
FORTY EIGHT	o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	-166.0 -23°	(80) >40			Sub-unit 9.5 165.10 – 168.16 m SANDSTONE, DIAMICTITE AND CONGLOMERATE Hard, weakly stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), moderately sorted, muddy fine sandstone (dark greenish grey 10GY 4/1) interbedded with poorly sorted, coarse to medium sandstone and conglomerate. Stratification in the sandstone is disrupted and contorted and beds contain sandstone and mudstone intraclasts. The conglomerates are clast-supported and contain 50% sandstone intraclasts, 30% dolerite and 20% basement and others. Clasts are subangular to rounded and range from 4 to 50 mm. One clast is striated. Beds of weakly stratified diamictite (greenish grey 10GY 5/1) from 160.00 to 160.14 m and 167.20 to 167.75 m with 20 and 60% subrounded sandstone and mudstone clasts (4 to 30 mm) respectively.
FORTY NINE	vein	169.0	10 5			Sub-unit 9.6 168.16 - 170.09 m DIAMICTITE Hard, weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark olive grey 5GY 4/1). Stratification partially destroyed by bioturbation and slight to partial synsedimentary brecciation (in places mudstone fragments form up to 60% of core) with muddier clasts surrounded by veins of sandy material. Bedding contorted in one or two places. Bedrock clasts form between 5 and 15% of the core. Most are 4 to 20 mm, but several are more than 50 mm. They are subangular to subrounded. About 70% are basement and 30% dolerite. One gneiss clast is striated. Soft sediment boudinage at 169.00 m.

F	PROJEC	T: CIROS -	.1	SHEET NO.: 38 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT OF STREET	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
FORTY NINE	170.0 cin	15 0		Sub-unit 9.7 170.09 - 176.59 m MUDSTONE Hard, calcareous, weakly stratified, poorly sorted, sandy mudstone to muddy very fine sandstone (dark olive grey 2.5GY 4/1). Irregular and discontinuous stratification with inclined (up to 22) and contorted bedding. Dispersed pebble size clasts (and one granite >80 mm) form <1% of the core . A dolerite clast is striated. Scattered moulds and fragments of bivalves, and burrows and bioturbation structures.
\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	173.0 -174.0			

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS	-1		SHEET NO.: 39 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT	LITHOL	.OGY	DESCRIPTION
SIETY ONE	vein 5	L	<1	H		Sub-unit 9.7 170.09 - 176.59 m MUDSTONE Hard, calcareous, weakly stratified, poorly sorted, sandy mudstone to muddy very fine sandstone (dark olive grey 2.5GY 4/1). Irregular and discontinuous stratification with inclined (up to 22") and contorted bedding. Dispersed pebble size clasts (and one granite > 80 mm) form < 1% of the core. A dolerite clast is striated. Scattered moulds and fragments of bivalves, and burrows and bioturbation structures.
	vein	177.0	<1	H	\$ 	Sub-unit 9.8 176.59 - 180.30 m MUDSTONE AND DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, weakly stratified, slightly conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite in more conglomeratic parts with gradational boundaries to mudstone beds) (dark olive grey 2.5GY 4/1). Stratification is discontinuous, irregular and occasionally contorted. Some contorted sandy laminae. Locally mottled appearance is probably due to bioturbation. Clasts (1 to 2% of core) are up to 25 mm long and mainly subangular to subrounded. Lithologies include basement, dolerite amd volcanic rocks.

	PF	ROJEC	T: CIROS -	-1	SHEET NO.: 40 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
O/	-85	178.0 	% 5,50E+5	-0- -0- -0- -0- -0- -0-	Sub-unit 9.8 176.59 - 180.30 m MUDSTONE AND DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, weakly stratified, slightly conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite in more conglomeratic parts with gradational boundaries to mudstone beds) (dark olive grey 2.5GY 4/1). Stratification is discontinuous, irregular and occasionally contorted. Some contorted sandy laminae. Locally mottled appearance is probably due to bioturbation. Clasts (1 to 2% of core) are up to 25 mm long and mainly subangular to subrounded. Lithologies include basement, dolerite amd volcanic rocks.
FIFTY TWO		- - - - - - 18°	1-5		
		- 180.0 	<1		contact transitional over 20 cm -
FIFTY THREE	000	- - - - - 181.0 - - Ca cmt	5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Sub-unit 9.9 180.30 - 182.79 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, weakly stratified, conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite) (dark olive grey 2.5GY 4 1). Sub-unit very homogeneous. Stratification is wispy and inclined (upto 50). Clasts form 5 to 10% of the core. Most are 10 to 20 mm, but range up to 52 mm. One dolerite clast is striated. About 50% are basement, 30% are dolerite, 15% Beacon sandstone and 5% basalt. Shell fragments evident from moulds. Faulted synsedimentary dyke from 181.20 to 181.35 m.
	0 0 22 2		5-10	Ø	

	PR	OJEC	T : CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 41
	,	_			SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	Ę.	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
BÔ	CORE		GRAVEL SAND SILT &		
FIFTY FOUR	0 1000 0000 0000 0000000000000000000000	- 182.0 - 182.0 - 183.0 - 183.0 - 184.0 25° - 184.0	1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5	TOBIOS OF OF A HOLO O	contact sharp - Sub-unit 9.10 182.79 – 200.73 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy fine to very fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark olive grey 5GY 4/1). Stratification discontinuous, irregular, inclined (up to 52") and contorted. Occasional thin unstratified intervals. Clasts form between 1 and 5% of the core, except from 184.90 to 185.00 m where they form 25%. Most are 6 to 12 mm, but range up to 53 mm, long and they range from angular to rounded. Several are striated and faceted. Lithologies include basement, dolerite and the occasional Beacon sandstone.
	.75	-30° -186.0	@	9	

	PR	ROJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 42 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT ₹ % ™ SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
FIFTY FIVE	36° 52° 52° 52° 52° 52° 52° 52° 52° 52° 52	186.0 	1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5		Sub-unit 9.10 182.79 – 200.73 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy fine to very fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark olive grey 5GY 4/1). Stratification discontinuous, irregular, inclined (up to 52°) and contorted. Occasional thin unstratified intervals. Clasts form between 1 and 5% of the core, except from 184.90 to 185.00 m where they form 25%. Most are 6 to 12 mm, but range up to 53 mm, long and they range from angular to rounded. Several are striated and faceted. Lithologies include basement, dolerite and the occasional Beacon sandstone.
FIFTY SIX	1000	-189.0 -189.0 	1-5		

	PR	OJEC	T : CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 43
L					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
8	3		GRAVEL SAND SILT TO		
		190.0 3°	<1	-0-	Sub-unit 9.10 182.79 – 200.73 m DIAMICTITE
FIFTY SIX		-	5-10 · · · · · · · ·		Hard, calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy fine to very fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark olive grey 5GY 4/1). Stratification discontinuous, irregular, inclined (up to 52°) and contorted. Occasional thin unstratified intervals. Clasts form between 1 and 5% of the core, except from 184.90 to 185.00 m where they form 25%. Most are 6 to 12 mm, but range up to 53 mm, long and they range from angular to rounded. Several are striated and faceted. Lithologies include basement, dolerite and the occasional Beacon sandstone.
	20	- 191.0 -	5	H - J	5
		- - -	5 T.		
	vein	- - 192.0 -	1	T. N	
FIFTY SEVEN	32:	- - -	1	H	
	0.0 20 1 0 30 1 0 1	193.0	1		
	10.		<1	# - ~~	

	PR	ROJEC	T : CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 44
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHOLOGY	SCALE: 1:20 DESCRIPTION
FIFTY SEVEN	vein	194.0	1 0		Sub-unit 9.10 182.79 - 200.73 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy fine to very fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark olive grey 5GY 4/1). Stratification discontinuous, irregular, inclined (up to 52°) and contorted. Occasional thin unstratified intervals. Clasts form between 1 and 5% of the core, except from 184.90 to 185.00 m where they form 25%. Most are 6 to 12 mm, but range up to 53 mm, long and they range from angular to rounded. Several are striated and faceted. Lithologies include basement,
	7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.	5° - 195.0			dolerite and the occasional Beacon sandstone.
FIFTY EIGHT		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	<1 OD		
			1-5		
	10 1888 T	- 197.0 			
FIFTY NINE		- - - - - 198.0	5	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 45
L					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	Æ	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
BO)	CORE		GRAVEL SAND SILT Y		
FIFTY NINE		- 198.0 	5 10 5 10 5 10 5		Sub-unit 9.10 182.79 – 200.73 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy fine to very fine sandstone (diamictite) (dark olive grey 5GY 4/1). Stratification discontinuous, irregular, inclined (up to 52") and contorted. Occasional thin unstratified intervals. Clasts form between 1 and 5% of the core, except from 184.90 to 185.00 m where they form 25%. Most are 6 to 12 mm, but range up to 53 mm, long and they range from angular to rounded. Several are striated and faceted. Lithologies include basement, dolerite and the occasional Beacon sandstone.
SIXTY		- 200.0 	15 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Contact gradational over 2 cm – Sub-unit 10.1 200.73 – 201.65 m DIAMICTITE Moderately hard, well stratified, conglomeratic muddy medium sandstone (diamictite) (olive grey 2.5GY 6/1). Stratification irregular, disrupted and in places contorted. Some wispy mudstone laminae and intraclasts. Bedrock clasts form from 4 to 15% of the core. Most are from 4 to 20 mm but they range up to 75 mm. Most are basement and dolerite. Bed from 201.13 to 201.23 m of well stratified, slightly conglomeratic coarse sandstone with pebbles up to 20 mm. — contact gradational over 1 cm – Sub-unit 10.2 201.65 – 202.01 m SAND Soft, weakly stratified, moderately well sorted, medium to fine sand (olive grey 2.5GY 6/1). Grains rounded a nd mostly quartz. No clasts. Lost core (201:82 to 202.01 m) probably of this lithology and included in this sub-unit.

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 46 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
	5.10	- 202.0 - -	% 5 SUE-5	Hop 2	— contact unknown due to core loss – Sub-unit 10.3 202.01 – 203.75 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, well stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), conglomeratic muddy medium to fine sandstone (diamictite) (greenish grey 7.5GY 5 1).
SIXTY	Show of the state	- - - - - 203.0	1 0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Stratification irregular, discontinuous, wispy and contorted. Occasional load features and cross-bedding. Basement and dolerite clasts generally form about 1% of the core (but up to 10% from 203.00 to 203.10 m). They range in size from 4 to 32 mm and average about 10 mm. Roundness ranges from angular to rounded and on average is subrounded. One basement clast is striated.
	0	10°			contact sharp –
ONE		- - 204.0 - - - - -			Sub-unit 10.4 203.75 - 205.09 m SAND Soft, unstratified, well sorted, medium sand (olive grey 2.5GY 6.1). Most of the sub-unit (203.78 to 205.08 m) not recovered.
SIXTY ON	200	- 205.0	1 H. T.		contact sharp - Sub-unit 10.5 205.09 - 210.72 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to well stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), slightly conglomeratic muddy fine sandstone (diamictite)(greenish grey 7.5GY 5/1). Stratification ranges from wispy discontinuous irregular bedding with average dips of 5-10 to disrupted and contorted bedding. Clasts form 1-2% of the core but locally reach 5%. Average size is 10 mm, but one diorite is 105 mm. Two clasts are striated. They range from subangular to rounded. Lithologies include dolerite, basement and Beacon sandstone.

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 67
					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	RE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
B0	CORE		GRAVEL SAND SILT J		
EIGHTY SIX	27	- 286.0 - - - - -	D. O.		DIAMICTITE AND SANDSTONE Alternating diamictite and sandstone. Hard, calcareous, unstratified to well stratified, conglomeratic muddy medium to fine sandstone (diamictite) (grey 10Y 5/1 to 4/1 and dark greenish grey to greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1 to 5/1). Stratification varies through subhorizontal, wavy, inclined (up to 55°), disrupted, convoluted and contorted. Occasional graded bedding and load casts. Clasts form between 2 and 10% of the core, most ranging from 5 to 12 mm, but with one dolerite > 110 mm. They range from subangular to rounded, averaging subrounded. Several are striated and faceted. Some weakly stratified diamictites contain sandstone and mudstone intraclasts, locally comprising 30% of the rock. Most are dolerite (60%) and basement (35 %) with some Beacon sandstone (< 5%). Sandstone ranges from weak
		- -287.0 - - -	20		to well-stratified (mm-bedded), very fine, fine and medium, mostly muddy and in places slightly conglomeratic, and mottled (greenish grey and grey 10GY 6/1 and 10Y 6/1). Stratification shows a similar range of features to that in the diamictites. Weakly stratified, muddy very fine sandstone (mottled greenish grey 10GY 6/1 and grey 10Y 6/1) from 259.17 to 260.20 m. Two conglomeratic sandstone beds between 272.30 and 273.50 m have up to 30% gravel, of which 60% of the clasts are intraformational and the remainder bedrock. There is also a sandy conglomerate at 280.70 m of which 90% of the clasts are intraformational. The sandstone is interstratified on a mm scale with mudstone to form rhythmites at 266.41 m (35 cm thick), 273.95 m (29 cm thick), 280.56 m (11 cm thick), 282.00 m (14 cm thick) and 282.20 m (12 cm thick). The rhythmites are greyish olive (7.5Y 6/2) and contain dropstones.
EIGHTY SEVEN		- -288.0 - - -			Stratification defined by sandstone and mudstone laminae. Dispersed dolerite, basement and volcanic clasts up to 25 mm long. They range from angular to subrounded and some are weathered. Much synsedimentary folding and faulting.
	THE STATE OF THE S	- - - 50° - - -289.0	<1		-o- -o-
					.0-
		-290.0		-a 1	-0-

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS	6 –1		SHEET NO.: 70 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE		DLOGY	DESCRIPTION
ĕ	ŭ		GRAVEL SAND SIL' % هم\$ن۵€مخة ا	T 4 CF T	.	
EIGHTY NINE		-298.0 - - - - -	<1	7 O O O O O O		Sub-unit 14.1 ?296.60 - 300.30 m MUDSTONE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratifed, slightly sandy mudstone (dark greenish grey 7.5GY 4/1). Stratification is wispy and irregular due to strong bioturbation. Occasional lonestones mostly from 4 to 10 mm but up to 22 mm long.
	4	- - - -299.0		Т 0D	₩ <i>N</i>	
	300	- - - - - - - - - - -	<1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
NINETY	01/1/10/1/10	- - - - - - - - - -	<1		-0- -0-	Sub-unit 14.2 300.30 - 309.75 mm DIAMICTITE Hard, slightly calcareous, unstratified and weakly stratified, slightly conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite) (grey 10Y 4/1). Stratification is irregular, discontinuous and subhorizontal to inclined (up to 45) from top of sub-unit to 305.50 m; below this the sub-unit is unstratified. Clasts form 1 to 3% of the core, and are mostly between 4 and 10 mm across, though one dolerite clast is > 124 mm. Clasts range from subangular to rounded, and on average are subrounded. One is striated. Most are dolerite (65%), with some basement (30%) and Beacon sandstone (<5%).
	05/	- -302.0) : 		-0-	

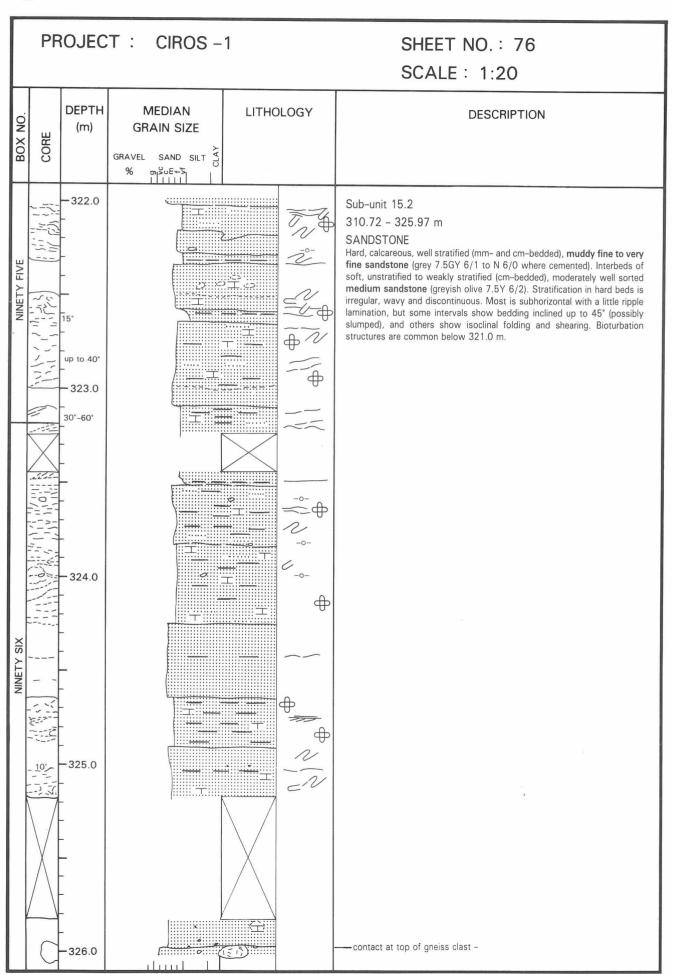
PROJECT: CIROS -1 SHEET NO.: 71					SHEET NO.: 71
L					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
1 m	8		GRAVEL SAND SILT Y		
NINETY	0	- 302.0 - - - -	1-5	° +	Sub-unit 14.2 300.30 - 309.75 m DIAMICTITE Hard, slightly calcareous, unstratified and weakly stratified, slightly conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite) (grey 10Y 4/1). Stratification is irregular, discontinuous and subhorizontal to inclined (up to 45°) from top of sub-unit to 305.50 m; below this the sub-unit is unstratified. Clasts form 1 to 3% of the core, and are mostly between 4 and 10 mm across, though one dolerite clast is > 124 mm. Clasts range from subangular to rounded, and on average are subrounded. One is striated. Most are dolerite (65%), with some basement (30%) and Beacon sandstone (< 5%).
		- -303.0 30° - -		D. —	
NINETY ONE		- 304.0 - 10° 4°	1-5	D : Py : P	
	20°	- 	1-5	BBO DO	

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 72
					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
BC	8		GRAVEL SAND SILT O		
NINETY ONE		- 306.0 - - - - - - - - - - - -	1	——————————————————————————————————————	Sub-unit 14.2 300.30 - 309.75 m DIAMICTITE Hard, slightly calcareous, unstratified and weakly stratified,slightly conglomeratic sandy mudstone (diamictite) (grey 10Y 4/1). Stratification is irregular, discontinuous and subhorizontal to inclined (up to 45°) from top of sub-unit to 305.50 m; below this the sub-unit is unstratified. Clasts form 1 to 3% of the core, and are mostly between 4 and 10 mm across, though one dolerite clast is > 124 mm. Clasts range from subangular to rounded, and on average are subrounded. One is striated. Most are dolerite (65%), with some basement (30%) and Beacon sandstone (< 5%).
NINETY TWO	vein	- -308.0 - -	1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5		
	vein	-309.0 	1-5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		contact sharp, wavy and loaded - Sub-unit 15.1 309.75 - 310.72 m MUDSTONE

	PR	OJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 73	
					SCALE: 1:20	
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y SOURCE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION	
NINETY TWO		- 310.0	% 5/50E-5		Hard, calcareous, weakly to well stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), sandy mudstone (dark greenish grey 10GY 4/1). Stratification irregular, wispy and wavy, locally contorted and probably disrupted by bioturbation. Only two basement lonestones, >29 and >47 mm long. Beds from 309.89 to 309.98 m and 310.18 to 310.23 m of muddy very fine sandstone with irregular mudstone lenses. Shell fragment at 310.82 m.	
	8	- -311.0 - - - -			—sharp contact – Sub-unit 15.2 310.72 — 325.97 m SANDSTONE Hard, calcareous, well stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), muddy fine to very fine sandstone (grey 7.5GY 6/1 to N 6/0 where cemented). Interbeds of soft, unstratified to weakly stratified (cm-bedded), moderately well sorted, medium sandstone (greyish olive 7.5Y 6/2). Stratification in hard beds is irregular, wavy and discontinuous. Most is subhorizontal with a little ripple lamination, but some intervals show bedding inclined up to 45° (possibly slumped), and others show isoclinal folding and shearing. Bioturbation structures are common below 321.0 m.	
NINETY THREE	23'	- 312.0 				
		-314.0				

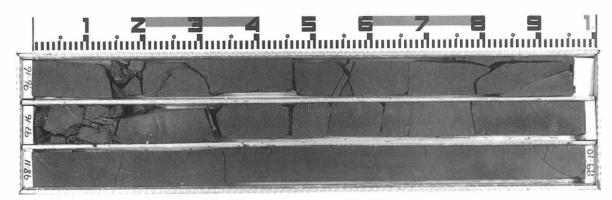
PF	ROJEC	T: CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 74 SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT Y	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
NINETY THREE	314.0			Sub-unit 15.2 310.72 - 325.97 m SANDSTONE Hard, calcareous, well stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), muddy fine to very fine sandstone (grey 7.5GY 6/1 to N 6/0 where cemented). Interbeds of soft, unstratified to weakly stratified (cm-bedded), moderately well sorted medium sandstone (greyish olive 7.5Y 6/2). Stratification in hard beds is irregular, wavy and discontinuous. Most is subhorizontal with a little ripple lamination, but some intervals show bedding inclined up to 45° (possibly slumped), and others show isoclinal folding and shearing. Bioturbation structures are common below 321.0 m.
NINETY FOUR	316.0			
	-			
7.55				0-

	PR	OJEC	T : CIROS -	1.	SHEET NO.: 75	
					SCALE: 1:20	
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT TO	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION	
NINETY FOUR		-318.0 20° -30° -45° -319.0			Sub-unit 15.2 310.72 - 325.97 m SANDSTONE Hard, calcareous, well stratified (mm- and cm-bedded), muddy fine to very fine sandstone (grey 7.5GY 6/1 to N 6/0 where cemented). Interbeds of soft, unstratified to weakly stratified (cm-bedded), moderately well sorted medium sandstone (greyish olive 7.5Y 6/2). Stratification in hard beds is irregular, wavy and discontinuous. Most is subhorizontal with a little ripple lamination, but some intervals show bedding inclined up to 45° (possibly slumped), and others show isoclinal folding and shearing. Bioturbation structures are common below 321.0 m.	
NINETY FIVE						

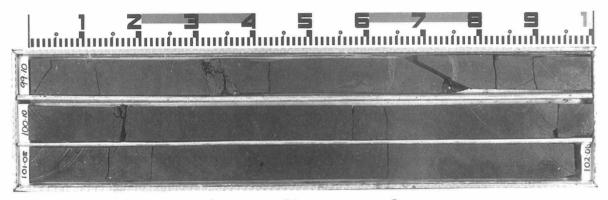


	PR	OJEC	T : CIROS -	1	SHEET NO.: 77
L					SCALE: 1:20
BOX NO.	SE SE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
BO)	CORE		GRAVEL SAND SILT TO		
NINETY SIX		- 326.0 	O		Sub-unit 16.1 325.97 – 328.83 m CONGLOMERATE Hard (in places soft), calcareous, unstratified, very poorly sorted, sandy pebble conglomerate. Matrix is poorly sorted, very coarse to medium sandstone (grey 7.5Y 6/1), with grains of similar composition to the clasts. Reverse grading occurs from 328.25 m up and normal grading from 327.40 m up. Clasts are matrix-supported and range in size from small pebbles (4 mm) to boulders (>280 mm from 328.50 to 328.78 m) and are generally subrounded to rounded. Most are basement (60%), with 40% dolerite. Dolerite boulder at 328.50 m has weathering rind on top surface but has fresh lower surface. Beneath it lies a gritty pebble conglomerate with weak clast long axis alignment subparallel to the base of the sub-unit.
NINETY SEVEN	20	329.0	20	D 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	Sub-unit 16.2 328.83 - 342.27 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy very fine sandstone (diamictite) (greenish grey to grey 5G 5/1 to 10Y 4/1). Stratification irregular and discontinuous and mainly subhorizontal, but locally inclined (up to 45°) and contorted. Load structure at 329.62 m. Clasts form on average about 1%, but locally up to 5%, of the core. Most are <6 mm, but one is >45 mm, long. They are generally subrounded, and range from angular to rounded. Basement and dolerite clasts are present in about equal proportions. A few have weathering rinds 1 to 2 mm thick. A clast at 335.74 m is a dropstone. A few carbonaceous (peaty) and bioclastic fragments up to 5 mm across. Also some disseminated and nodular pyrite.

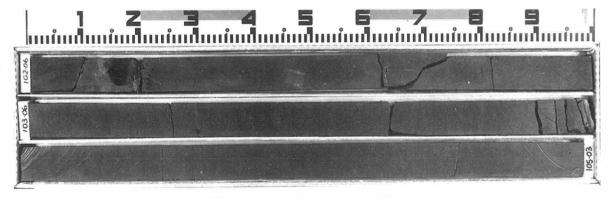
	PROJECT: CIROS -1 SHEET NO.: 78					
	T	· · · ·			SCALE: 1:20	
BOX NO.	CORE	DEPTH (m)	MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE GRAVEL SAND SILT	LITHOLOGY	DESCRIPTION	
NINETY SEVEN	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	- 330.0 - - - - - - Ca vein - - 331.0	% 5 \$0E+\$ 0		Sub-unit 16.2 328.83 – 342.27 m DIAMICTITE Hard, calcareous, unstratified to weakly stratified, conglomeratic muddy very fine sandstone (diamictite) (greenish grey to grey 5G 5/1 to 10Y 4/1). Stratification irregular and discontinuous and mainly subhorizontal, but locally inclined (up to 45') and contorted. Load structure at 329.62 m. Clasts form on average about 1%, but locally up to 5%, of the core. Most are < 6 mm, but one is > 45 mm, long. They are generally subrounded, and range from angular to rounded. Basement and dolerite clasts are present in about equal proportions. A few have weathering rinds 1 to 2 mm thick. A clast at 335.74 m is a dropstone. A few carbonaceous (peaty) and bioclastic fragments up to 5 mm across. Also some disseminated and nodular pyrite.	
	vein	- - - -332.0	<1	* - T		
			<1			
NINETY EIGHT		- 333.0 - - _Ca vein	1 . O			
	量100年	- - - - - -334.0	 			



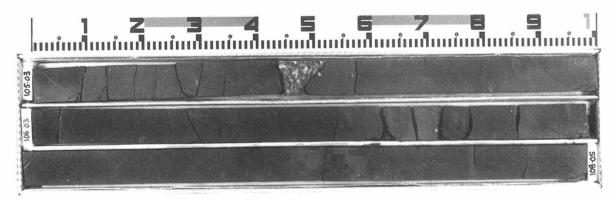
BOX 25 FROM 96.16m TO 99.10m



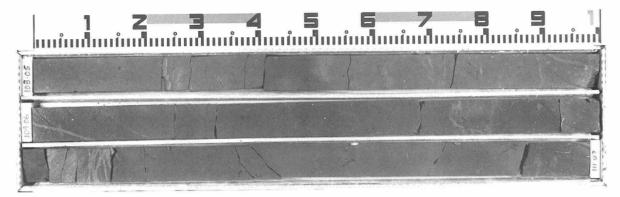
BOX 26 FROM 99.10m TO 102.06m



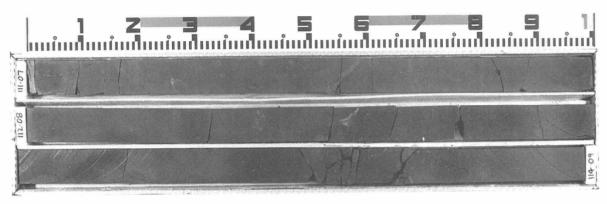
BOX 27 FROM 102.06m TO 105 .03m



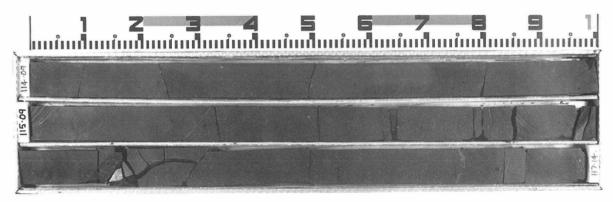
BOX 28 FROM 105.03 m TO 108.05 m



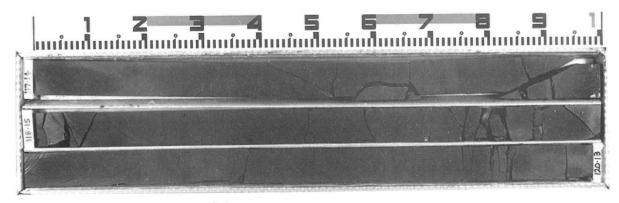
BOX 29 FROM 108 .05 m TO 111 .07m



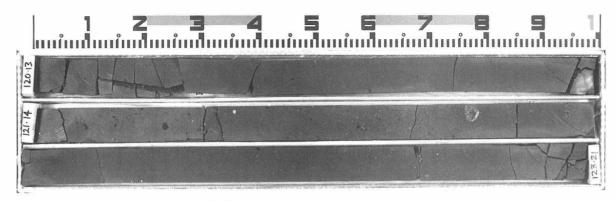
BOX 30 FROM 111 .07m TO 114 .09m



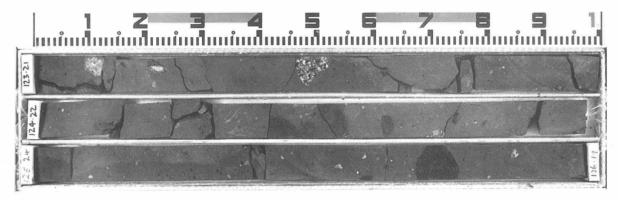
BOX 31 FROM 114-09m TO 117-14m



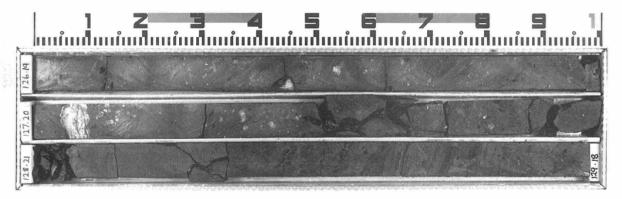
BOX 32 FROM 117-14 m TO 120-13 m



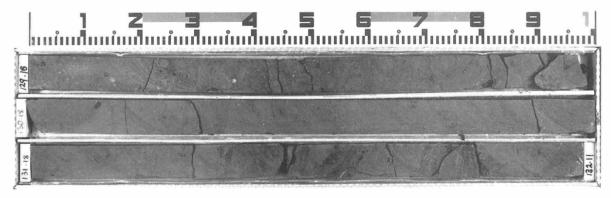
BOX 33 FROM 120-13 m TO 123-21 m



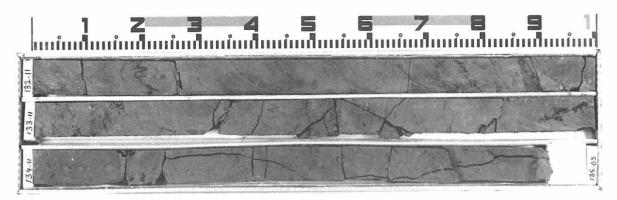
BOX 34 FROM 123-21m TO 126-19m



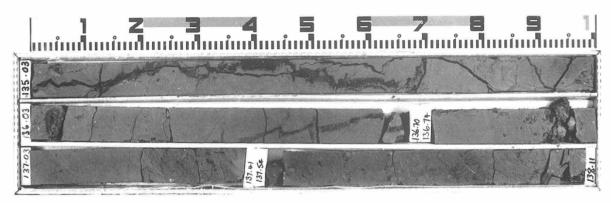
BOX 35 FROM 126-19m TO 129-18m



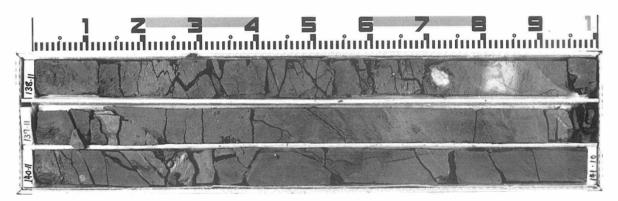
BOX 36 FROM / 29 - (8m TO / 32 - 1 | m



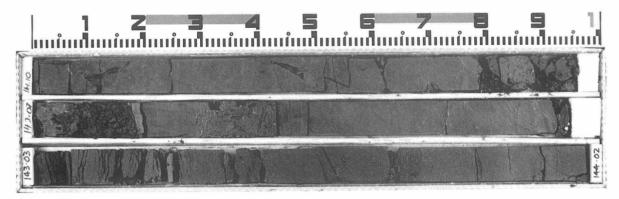
BOX 37 FROM 132.11m TO 135.03 m



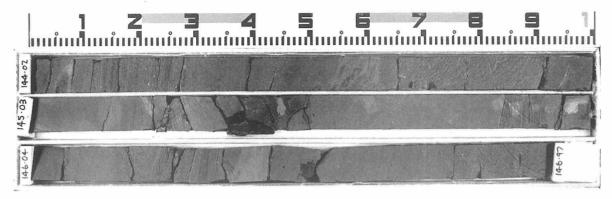
BOX 38 FROM 135.03 m TO 138.11 m



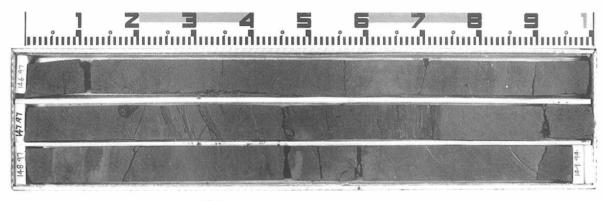
BOX 39 FROM/38-11m TO/4/-10m



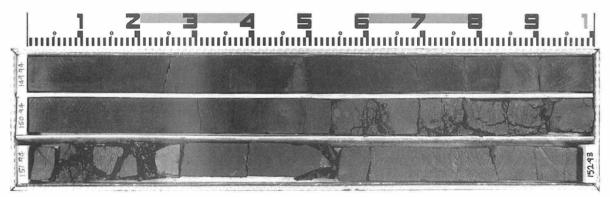
BOX 40 FROM 141-10 m TO 144-02m



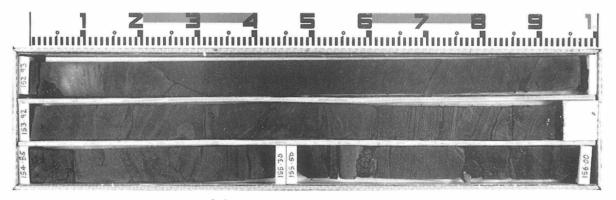
BOX 41 FROM 144.02m TO 146.97m



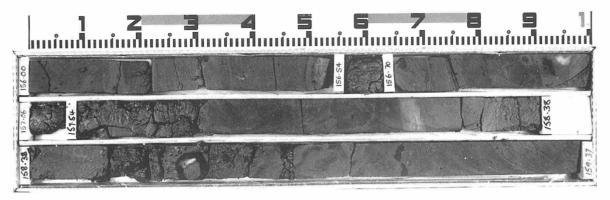
BOX 42 FROM 146.97 m TO 149.94 m



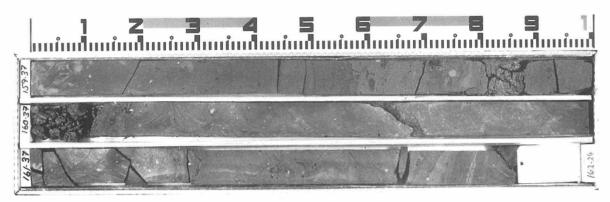
вох **43** FROM 149.94m то 152.93m



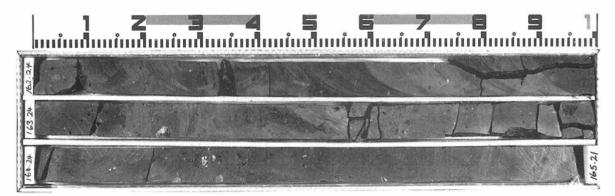
BOX 44 FROM 152.93 m TO 156.00m



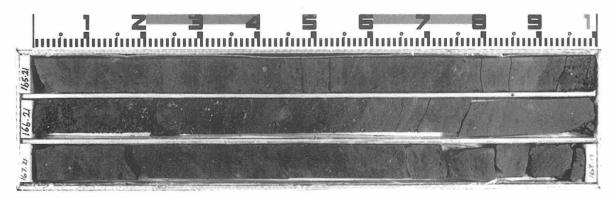
BOX 45 FROM 156.00m TO 1 59.37m



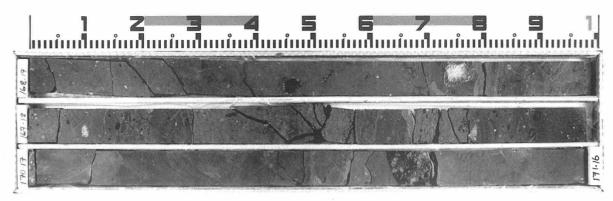
BOX 46 FROM 1 59.37m TO 1 62.24m



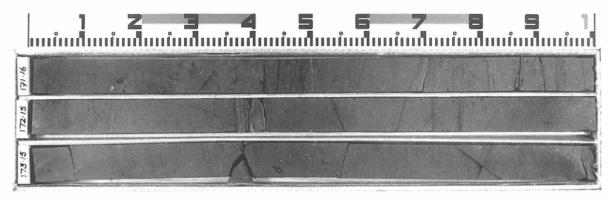
BOX 47 FROM 162.24m TO 165.21m



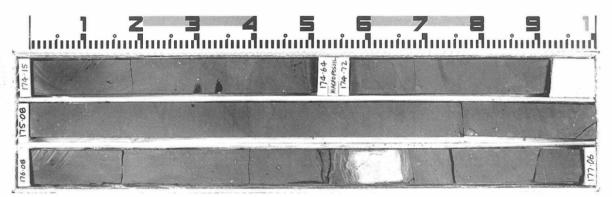
BOX 48 FROM 165-21m TO 168-19m



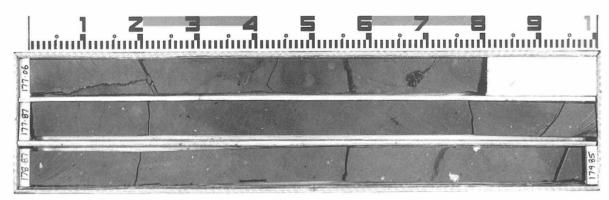
BOX 49 FROM 168-19m TO 171-16m



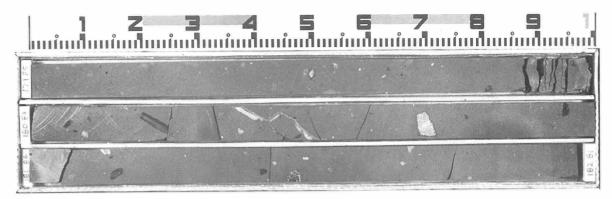
BOX 50 FROM 171.16m TO 174.15m



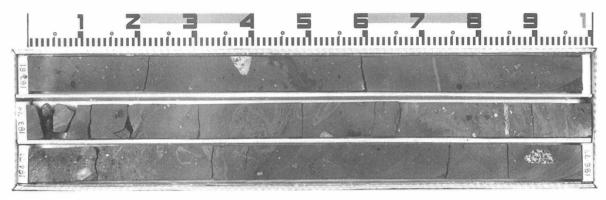
BOX 51 FROM 174-15 m TO 177-06m



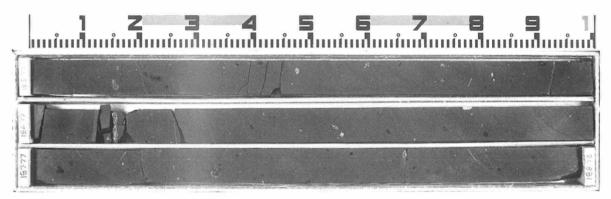
BOX 52 FROM 177.06m TO 179.85m



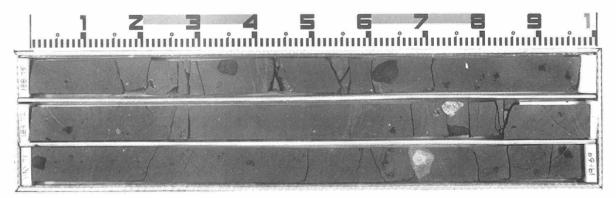
BOX 53 FROM 179.85 m TO 182.81 m



BOX 54 FROM |82.81 m TO |85.77m



BOX 55 FROM 185.77 m TO 188.75 m



BOX 56 FROM 188.75 m TO 191.69 m

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****I -00.0 CI *****I *****I *****I -00.8 ****I -00.5 *****I -00.5 *****I -00.5 *****I -00.5 *****I -00.5 ******I -00.5 *****I -00.5 ******I -00.5 ***********************************	% T T T T %	**I -00'01 ***I -00'01 ***I -00'01 ***I -00'0 ***I -00'0 *********************************	1 PEST = 25.89% 10.00- I *** 1*** 10.00- I *** 1.00- I *** 1.00- I *** 2.00- I *** 3.00- I **** 4.00- I **** 5.00- I **** 5.00- I **** 7.00- I **** 7.00- I **** 8.00- I **** 7.00- I **** 8.00- I **** 7.00- I ***** 8.00- I ***** 7.00- I ****** 9.00- I ******* 7.00- I ******* 7.00- I ******* 8.00- I ****** 9.00- I ******* 7.00- I ******* 9.00- I ******** 7.00- I ******** 9.00- I ******** 9.00- I ********* 1.00- I ********* 9.00- I ********** 9.00- I *********** 1.00- I **********************************	#### 1 -00 OT ##################################
CLASS MIDPTS-1.50-0.75-0.25 0.25 0.73 1.21 1.75 2.26 2.70 3.24 3.80 4.28 4.75 5.25 5.75 6.25 6.75 7.25 7.75 8.50 9.50 12.00 CLASS LIMITS-1.00-0.50 0.00 0.49 0.98 1.44 2.06 2.45 2.96 3.53 4.06 4.50 5.00 5.50 6.00 6.50 7.00 7.50 8.00 9.0010.00 14.00 421.38 M MW 421.38 M MW DATA 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.01 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.21 0.94 1.31 1.70 1.01 0.90 0.70 0.94 0.67 0.51 0.80 1.46 1.39 3.77 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.01 0.2 0.2 0.4 1.3 5.0 7.5 11.7 6.1 5.5 4.3 5.7 4.1 3.1 4.9 8.9 8.4 22.9 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.3 0.5 0.9 2.1 7.8 15.8 26.1 32.3 37.8 42.0 47.7 51.8 54.9 59.8 68.6 77.1 100.0 PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84,95) 2.54 3.32 4.07 4.46 6.78 9.74 10.99 13.53 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 7.34 STDEV 3.28 SKEW 0.27 KURT 1.74 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 7.28 STDEV 3.28 SKEW 0.27 KURT 0.79 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 15.81 SILT = 43.95 CLAY = 40.24	438.20 M Dm DATA 0.00 0.03 0.06 0.15 0.25 0.61 0.86 2.04 4.34 3.77 2.02 0.67 0.29 0.20 0.28 0.38 0.32 0.29 0.56 0.65 1.59 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.3 0.8 1.4 2.5 5.7 10.3 19.7 18.4 11.9 3.5 1.5 1.0 1.4 2.0 1.7 1.5 2.9 3.4 8.2 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.5 1.2 2.5 5.7 10.1 20.7 43.1 62.6 73.0 76.4 77.9 79.0 80.4 82.4 84.0 85.5 88.4 91.8 100.0 PERCENTILES (1.5,16,25,50,75,84,95) 0.87 1.96 2.76 3.09 3.72 4.79 7.49 11.31 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 4.69 STDEV 2.82 SKEW 1.51 KURT 4.35 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 4.66 STDEV 2.60 SKEW 0.61 KURT 2.26 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 62.55 SILT = 22.99 CLAY = 14.46	452.25 M MW DATA 0.08 0.02 0.02 0.00 0.03 0.04 0.08 0.11 0.45 1.20 1.79 1.84 1.86 1.08 1.08 0.94 0.46 0.58 0.52 0.80 0.57 1.89 FREQUENCY % 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.9 2.9 6.8 10.9 13.5 12.0 7.0 6.1 3.0 3.8 3.4 5.2 3.7 12.2 CUMULATIVE % 0.5 0.6 0.8 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.7 2.5 5.4 13.1 24.7 36.7 48.7 55.7 62.7 68.8 71.8 75.5 78.9 84.1 87.8 100.0 PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84,95) 1.04 2.91 3.68 4.07 5.09 7.43 8.99 12.91 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 6.02 STDEV 2.85 SKEW 0.85 KURT 3.09 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 5.92 STDEV 2.84 SKEW 0.52 KURT 1.22 GRAVEL = 0.52 SAND = 24.22 SILT = 54.15 CLAY = 21.11	466.51 M Sw DATA 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.04 0.06 0.13 0.23 0.92 1.78 2.00 1.74 1.38 0.58 0.62 0.46 0.49 0.41 0.48 1.00 0.91 4.64 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 1.6 5.0 8.7 10.5 11.0 7.7 3.2 3.5 2.6 2.7 2.3 2.7 5.6 5.1 25.9 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.8 1.6 2.8 8.0 17.9 29.1 38.8 46.5 49.7 53.2 55.7 58.5 60.8 63.4 69.0 74.1 100.0 PERCENTILES (1.5,16,25,50,75.84,95) 1.61 2.72 3.44 3.88 5.54 10.19 12.32 14.00 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 6.86 STDEV 3.54 SKEW 0.40 KURT 1.63 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 7.10 STDEV 3.93 SKEW 0.51 KURT 0.73 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 29.07 SILT = 34.37 CLAY = 36.55	485.03 M NW DATA 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.03 0.08 0.16 0.93 1.83 2.25 1.55 1.24 0.98 0.77 0.95 0.64 0.59 0.72 1.41 1.51 3.21 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 1.1 4.8 8.5 11.2 9.3 6.6 5.2 4.1 5.0 3.4 3.1 3.8 7.5 8.0 17.0 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.3 0.7 1.5 6.5 16.2 28.1 36.3 42.9 48.1 52.1 57.2 60.6 63.7 67.5 75.0 83.0 100.0 PERCENTLES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84.95) 2.24 2.86 3.52 3.94 5.74 9.00 10.15 12.47 NOMENT MEASURES MEAN 6.60 STDEV 3.14 SKEW 0.54 KURT 1.98 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 6.47 STDEV 3.11 SKEW 0.37 KURT 0.78 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 28.09 SILT = 39.43 CLAY = 32.49

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CLASS MIDPTS-1.50-0.75-0.25 0.25 0.73 1.21 1.75 2.26 2.70 3.24 3.80 4.28 4.75 5.25 5.75 6.25 6.75 7.25 7.75 8.50 9.50 12.00 CLASS LIMITS-1.00-0.50 0.00 0.49 0.98 1.44 2.06 2.45 2.96 3.53 4.06 4.50 5.00 5.50 6.00 6.50 7.00 7.50 8.00 9.0010.00 14.00 505.52 M SW DATA 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.02 0.13 0.20 0.19 0.63 1.67 2.22 2.86 1.31 1.06 0.89 1.21 0.94 0.65 0.96 1.76 1.82 4.01 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.6 0.7 1.1 2.7 6.5 9.3 14.4 5.8 4.7 3.9 5.4 4.2 2.9 4.3 7.8 8.1 17.8 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.7 1.6 2.4 5.2 12.6 22.5 35.2 41.0 45.7 49.6 55.0 59.2 62.1 66.3 74.1 82.2 100.0 PERCENTILES (1.5.16,25,50,75,84.95) 1.69 2.93 3.73 4.16 6.03 9.10 10.26 12.62 MM = 22.49 SILT = 43.83 CLAY = 33.67 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 6.67 STDEV 3.10 SKEW 0.33 KURT 0.80 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 22.49 SILT = 43.83 CLAY = 33.67	525.52 M Mw DATA 0.00 0.02 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.07 0.11 0.44 1.29 2.35 2.21 1.88 1.03 0.90 0.77 0.58 0.64 0.51 1.35 1.29 2.32 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.8 2.4 6.4 12.4 14.1 10.5 5.8 5.1 4.3 3.3 3.6 2.9 7.6 7.2 13.0 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.8 1.5 3.9 11.2 24.4 36.8 47.3 53.1 58.1 62.5 65.7 69.3 72.2 79.7 87.0 100.0 PERCENTILES (1.5.16,25,50,75,84.95) 2.18 3.08 3.76 4.09 5.23 8.35 9.55 11.77 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 6.32 STDEV 2.90 SKEW 0.76 KURT 2.43 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 6.18 STDEV 2.77 SKEW 0.50 KURT 0.83 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 24.35 SILT = 47.81 CLAY = 27.83	544.00 M Mb DATA 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.04 0.13 0.35 0.48 1.22 1.59 1.64 1.61 0.98 0.83 0.60 0.83 0.82 0.53 0.76 1.27 1.23 3.40 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.8 1.5 3.4 6.5 7.6 8.4 10.0 5.3 4.5 3.3 4.5 4.5 2.9 4.1 6.9 6.7 18.5 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 1.1 3.0 5.6 12.3 20.9 29.9 38.7 44.0 48.5 51.8 56.3 60.8 63.7 67.8 74.8 81.5 100.0 PERCENTILES (1,5.16.25,50,75.84.95) 1.40 2.37 3.23 3.78 5.72 9.03 10.44 13.29 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 6.52 STDEV 3.32 SKEW 0.46 KURT 1.93 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 6.46 STDEV 3.45 SKEW 0.35 KURT 0.85 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 29.88 SILT = 37.95 CLAY = 32.17	569.45 M Mb DATA 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.06 0.10 0.23 0.60 1.05 1.23 1.16 0.78 0.87 0.96 0.41 0.41 0.41 0.84 0.84 6.14 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.0 0.00 0.00 0.10 0.1 0.3 0.8 1.4 3.3 6.1 8.7 7.2 4.8 5.4 6.0 2.5 2.5 2.5 5.2 5.2 38.1 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.6 1.2 2.6 6.3 12.8 20.5 27.7 32.5 37.9 43.9 46.4 48.9 51.5 56.7 61.9 100.0 PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84,95) 2.36 3.37 4.26 4.82 7.71 12.76 14.00 14.00 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 8.10 STDEV 4.05 SKEW 0.24 KURT 0.55 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 12.84 SILT = 38.65 CLAY = 48.51	584.51 M Sm DATA 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.16 2.42 4.92 5.01 1.66 0.55 0.21 0.12 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 1.0 11.4 36.9 28.8 8.5 3.0 1.4 0.7 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 1.0 15.2 44.0 73.3 83.0 86.2 87.5 88.2 PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84,35) 1.44 1.77 2.08 2.22 2.55 3.05 3.68 5.09 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 2.85 STDEV 1.04 SKEW 1.30 KURT 3.78 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 2.77 STDEV 0.91 SKEW 0.47 KURT 1.64 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 86.24 SILT = 13.76 CLAY = 0.00

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CLASS MIDPTS-1.50-0.75-0.25 0.25 0.73 1.21 1.75 2.26 2.70 3.24 3.80 4.28 4.75 5.25 5.75 6.25 6.75 7.25 7.75 8.50 9.50 12.00 CLASS LIMITS-1.00-0.50 0.00 0.49 0.98 1.44 2.06 2.45 2.96 3.53 4.06 4.50 5.00 5.50 6.00 6.50 7.00 7.50 8.00 9.0010.00 14.00 584.93 M Sm DATA 0.00 0.57 1.32 1.71 3.43 3.93 5.01 2.40 1.49 0.67 0.46 0.24 0.21 FREQUENCY % 0.0 2.3 5.3 7.0 14.11 7.2 16.3 12.4 5.9 2.4 1.8 1.1 0.8 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 2.3 7.6 14.5 28.4 44.2 64.4 74.1 80.1 82.8 84.7 85.6 86.5 PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84,95) -0.79 -0.19 0.55 0.88 1.62 2.52 3.86 5.10 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 1.96 STDEV 1.63 SKEW 0.82 KURT 2.86 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 2.01 STDEV 1.63 SKEW 0.34 KURT 1.32 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 84.67 SILT = 15.33 CLAY = 0.00	599.44 M WW DATA 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.12 0.52 0.50 0.71 0.65 0.89 1.37 1.00 1.27 1.11 1.29 0.99 0.84 0.86 1.50 1.34 1.69 FFEQUENCY % 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.8 2.5 3.8 4.2 3.4 5.0 9.3 6.0 7.6 6.6 7.7 5.9 5.0 5.1 9.0 8.0 10.1 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 1.0 4.1 7.1 11.4 15.3 20.6 28.8 34.8 42.4 49.0 56.8 62.7 67.7 72.9 81.9 89.9 100.0 PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84,95) 1.43 2.19 3.61 4.31 6.06 8.22 9.23 11.01 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 6.38 STDEV 2.82 SKEW 0.41 KIRT 2.51 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 6.38 STDEV 2.74 SKEW 0.13 KURT 0.92 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 20.60 SILT = 52.28 CLAY = 27.13	608.68 M Sm DATA 0.02 0.07 0.08 0.17 0.32 0.77 1.01 1.98 2.29 1.90 1.23 1.00 0.49 0.54 0.59 0.32 0.32 0.35 0.41 0.12 2.88 FREQUENCY % 0.1 0.4 0.4 0.5 1.0 2.1 3.7 7.7 11.5 11.9 10.7 8.3 5.9 2.9 3.2 3.5 1.9 1.9 1.5 2.4 0.7 17.1 CUMULATIVE % 0.1 0.5 1.0 1.4 2.4 4.3 8.9 14.9 26.7 40.3 51.6 58.9 64.8 67.7 70.9 74.5 76.4 78.3 79.7 82.2 82.9 100.0 PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84,95) 0.06 1.55 2.51 2.90 3.99 6.64 11.61 14.00 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 5.29 STDEV 3.48 SKEW 0.98 KURT 2.70 GRAVEL = 0.12 SAND = 51.46 SILT = 28.16 CLAY = 20.26	610.89 M Ss DATA 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.14 0.56 2.09 2.64 2.36 1.28 1.76 0.48 0.53 0.39 0.29 0.35 0.22 0.41 0.22 3.27 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.7 4.2 12.0 13.6 13.1 8.5 10.3 2.8 3.1 2.3 1.7 2.1 1.3 2.4 1.3 19.2 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 1.2 4.5 16.8 32.2 46.1 53.6 63.9 66.7 69.8 72.1 73.8 75.8 77.1 79.5 80.8 100.0 PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84,95) 1.94 2.48 2.94 3.29 4.29 7.29 12.65 14.00 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 5.72 STDEV 3.39 SKEW 1.01 KURT 2.49 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 6.63 STDEV 4.17 SKEW 0.70 KURT 1.18 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 46.07 SILT = 31.07 CLAY = 22.86	632.78 M Sm DATA 0.02 0.05 0.18 0.36 1.21 2.27 4.40 2.92 2.08 0.80 0.28 0.09 0.05 FREQUENCY % 0.1 0.3 1.0 2.0 6.8 13.6 19.5 20.6 11.2 3.9 1.5 0.6 0.3 CUMULATIVE % 0.1 0.4 1.4 3.4 10.0 22.5 46.7 62.8 74.2 78.6 80.2 80.7 81.0 PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84.95) -0.13 0.66 1.23 1.51 2.14 3.05 5.02 5.14 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 2.53 STDEV 1.52 SKEW 0.72 KURT 2.53 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 2.80 STDEV 1.63 SKEW 0.43 KURT 1.19 GRAVEL = 0.11 SAND = 80.08 MUD = 19.81

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CLASS MIDPTS-1.50-0.75-0.25 0.25 0.73 1.21 1.75 2.26 2.70 3.24 3.80 4.28 4.75 5.25 5.75 6.25 6.75 7.25 7.75 8.50 9.50 12.00 CLASS I.MITS-1 00-0.50 0.00 0.98 1.44 2.06 2.45 2.96 3.53 4.06 4.50 5.00 5.00 6.50 7.00 7.50 8.00 9.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	240	
0.00 0.02 0.03 0.07 0.08 0.39 1.16 1.69 2.28 1.47 1.56 1.32 1.55 1.32 1.01 1.17 2.29 2.23 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.3 0.5 1.7 4.6 7.2 11.8 6.7 7.1 6.0 7.0 6.0 4.6 5.3 10.4 10.1 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.5 0.9 2.7 7.9 15.6 26.0 32.7 39.7 45.7 52.8 58.8 63.4 68.7 79.1 89.2 1 5,844,95) 2.49 3.27 4.08 4.46 6.30 8.58 9.43 10.95 STDEV 2.66 SKEW 0.51 KURT 2.37 STDEV 2.50 SKEW 0.19 KURT 0.76 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 15.62 SILT = 53.04 CLAY = 31.34	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	
654.54 M Mw DATA 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.03 0.07 0.08 0.37 0.44 0.52 0.54 0.82 0.97 0.99 1.16 0.75 0.93 0.75 1.19 0.71 6.37 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.6 2.2 2.3 2.9 3.7 4.9 5.8 5.9 6.9 4.5 5.6 4.5 7.1 4.2 38.1 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.8 1.3 3.5 6.1 9.2 12.4 17.3 23.1 29.1 36.0 40.5 46.1 50.5 57.7 61.9 100.0 PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84,95) 2.26 3.32 4.87 5.66 7.94 13.38 14.00 14.00 MONENT MEASURES MEAN 8.37 STDEV 3.22 SKEW-0.13 KURT 1.63 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 8.94 STDEV 3.90 SKEW 0.23 KURT 0.57 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 9.21 SILT = 41.33 CLAY = 49.46		
674.88 M Mm DATA 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.05 0.04 0.07 0.08 0.14 0.23 0.40 0.87 0.85 1.22 0.93 1.14 0.93 0.70 0.98 2.02 2.40 4.29 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.3 0.6 0.8 1.2 2.2 5.7 4.9 7.0 5.4 6.6 5.4 4.0 5.7 11.6 13.8 24.7 FUNULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.5 0.9 1.4 2.2 3.5 5.8 10.8 15.7 22.8 28.1 34.7 40.1 44.1 49.8 61.4 75.3 100.0 FPERCENTILES (1.5.16,25,50,75,84,95) 2.14 3.89 5.02 5.71 8.02 9.98 10.79 12.45 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 8.08 STDEV 2.85 SKEW-0.02 KURT 1.96 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 7.94 STDEV 2.74 SKEW 0.00 KURT 0.82 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 5.82 SILT = 43.94 CLAY = 50.23	T -011510	
685.67 M Mm DATA 0.00 0.04 0.06 0.15 0.18 0.41 0.43 0.75 0.98 1.35 1.18 1.09 0.83 0.74 0.77 0.66 0.60 0.60 0.50 0.56 1.13 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.3 0.3 0.5 1.2 1.5 2.5 4.2 5.6 6.6 9.8 10.3 8.4 6.4 5.7 5.9 5.1 4.6 4.6 3.8 4.3 8.7 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.3 0.6 1.1 2.2 3.6 6.7 10.0 15.8 23.3 33.6 42.7 51.0 57.4 63.1 69.0 74.0 78.6 83.2 87.0 91.3 100.0 PERCENTILES (1.5.16.25.50,75.84.95) 0.43 1.75 2.98 3.62 4.94 7.10 8.19 11.21 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 5.56 STDEV 2.85 SKEW 0.73 KURT 3.09 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 5.37 STDEV 2.74 SKEW 0.29 KURT 1.11 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 33.64 SILT = 49.58 CLAY = 16.78		
692.58 M Mw DATA 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.05 0.29 0.53 1.14 1.79 1.51 1.43 1.38 0.88 0.98 1.04 0.57 0.62 0.41 0.78 0.88 1.81 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 1.5 4.2 6.9 9.8 8.9 10.1 8.6 5.5 6.1 6.5 3.5 3.9 2.5 4.8 5.5 11.2 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 2.1 5.4 12.5 23.6 33.0 41.9 50.5 55.9 62.0 68.5 72.0 75.9 78.4 83.3 88.8 100.0 PERCENTILES (1.5,16,25,50,75,84,95) 1.80 2.41 3.17 3.61 4.97 7.38 9.12 11.74 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 5.85 STDEV 2.92 SKEW 0.87 KURT 2.76 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 5.75 STDEV 2.90 SKEW 0.42 KURT 1.01 GRAVEL = 0.00 SAND = 33.00 SILT = 45.43 CLAY = 21.57	751015- 1	

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CLASS MIDPTS-1.50-0.75-0.25 0.25 0.73 1.21 1.75 2.26 2.70 3.24 3.80 4.28 4.75 12.00 CLASS LIMITS-1.00-0.50 0.00 0.49 0.98 1.44 2.06 2.45 2.96 3.53 4.06 4.50 5.00 14.00

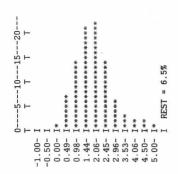
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DATA 0.00 0.05 0.18 0.79 1.64 2.36 3.35 1.34 0.72 0.41 0.26 0.18 0.16 0.00 FREQUENCY % 0.0 0.4 1.5 6.6 13.7 21.0 22.1 14.0 5.8 2.9 2.0 1.7 1.3 6.0 CUMULATIVE % 0.0 0.4 1.9 8.3 21.7 41.0 68.4 79.3 85.2 88.6 90.7 92.2 93.5 100.0

PERCENTILES (1,5,16,25,50,75,84,95) -0.22 0.31 0.81 1.07 1.64 2.29 2.85 5.03 MOMENT MEASURES MEAN 1.88 STDEV 1.29 SKEW 1.17 KURT 4.12 GRAPHIC (FOLK) MEAN 1.76 STDEV 1.23 SKEW 0.31 KURT 1.59 SAND = 90.69 MUD = 6.5



1		N T I L E S 25 50 75 84 95	FOLK MEASURES MEAN SDEV SKEW KURT	MOMENT MEASURES MEAN SDEV SKEW KURT	PERCENT GRVL SAND SILT CLAY
	8 3.1 3.9 7 3.7 5.0 3 3.3 3.8	4.3 5.4 6.9 8.0 10. 5.6 6.7 9.1 11.7 14.	8 6.00 2.77 0.58 1.14	5.91 2.34 1.03 3.89 7.44 2.82 0.41 2.31 6.11 2.79 0.97 2.99	0.3 29.1 36.0 34.7 0.0 20.4 63.7 15.9 0.0 7.3 60.6 32.2 0.2 25.9 52.9 21.1 0.4 29.3 46.5 23.8
133.82 M BM 2.	.5 0.5 2.9 .6 3.8 4.6 .4 2.6 3.5	5.1 6.6 9.0 10.5 13. 3.8 4.5 5.9 6.9 9.	5 5.57 3.13 0.20 1.22	5.58 3.20 0.26 2.99 7.26 2.79 0.50 2.23 4.99 1.96 1.16 4.63	0.0 8.7 58.7 32.6 3.6 26.8 49.1 20.5 0.0 7.6 59.1 33.3 0.0 32.9 57.9 9.2 0.0 39.0 41.8 19.1
164.67 M Dw -0. 173.26 M Mw 1. 185.78 M Dw 1.	.3 3.4 4.2 .7 3.6 4.2	4.4 6.1 8.7 10.4 14. 4.5 5.6 7.6 9.2 13. 4.6 5.8 8.1 9.8 13.	0 5.50 2.82 0.56 1.24 0 6.83 3.43 0.32 1.15 3 6.31 2.75 0.49 1.31 2 6.60 2.85 0.49 1.15 0 5.38 3.94 0.49 1.05	6.70 3.18 0.26 2.46 6.37 2.73 0.80 3.12 6.63 2.77 0.77 2.68	0.0 36.0 44.8 19.2 0.7 17.1 51.9 30.2 0.4 12.9 64.9 21.7 0.0 12.7 61.9 25.4 3.8 44.7 27.8 23.7
224.91 M Mw 3. 231.49 M Dm -2.	.2 3.5 4.8	5.4 7.4 9.5 10.4 12. 5.8 8.0 10.1 10.9 12. 2.8 4.3 6.9 9.0 12.	0 5.52 3.15 0.23 0.97 1 7.52 2.71 0.06 0.87 7 8.05 2.72 0.06 0.82 8 5.14 3.53 0.40 1.21 5 5.34 2.02 0.67 1.00	7.65 2.79 0.16 2.07 8.20 2.75 0.08 1.81 5.12 3.43 0.66 2.78	1.4 32.2 42.6 23.8 0.0 9.0 47.9 43.1 0.0 3.9 45.9 50.2 2.4 44.1 34.1 19.4 0.0 36.5 47.7 15.8
288.35 M Ss -2. 309.38 M Dm 0. 335.17 M Dw -0.	.2 1.8 3.2 .1 0.6 1.9	2.8 3.9 7.2 9.6 14 4.2 7.2 10.6 12.2 14 2.6 4.5 7.5 8.9 11	0 4.60 3.10 0.17 1.15 0 5.28 3.78 0.55 1.19 0 7.57 4.09 0.12 0.78 1 5.10 3.35 0.27 0.88 0 3.51 1.05 0.24 2.67	5.17 3.56 0.77 2.61 7.30 3.68-0.05 1.73 5.16 3.35 0.59 2.44	4.6 44.4 36.1 14.9 1.9 50.3 26.1 21.6 0.2 23.4 31.4 44.9 0.0 46.5 31.4 22.1 0.1 82.9 13.4 3.6
386.08 M Dw 2. 389.53 M Mw 2.	.3 0.2 0.7 .5 2.4 2.9 .4 3.0 3.5 .6 3.2 3.9 .6 1.8 2.6	3.1 4.2 6.1 8.5 14 3.9 5.2 7.9 9.2 11 4.2 5.5 8.2 9.9 13	9 1.35 1.06 0.32 2.13 0 5.16 3.15 0.62 1.61 1 5.97 2.66 0.45 0.83 5 6.43 3.06 0.50 1.05 1 3.83 1.98 0.47 2.42	5.19 3.02 1.29 3.45 6.06 2.81 0.85 2.63 6.49 2.91 0.80 2.42	0.0 46.4 35.8 17.7 0.0 31.8 44.4 23.8 0.0 20.7 52.8 26.6
438.20 M Dm 0. 452.25 M Mw 1. 466.51 M Sw 1.	.5 3.3 4.1 .9 2.0 2.8 .0 2.9 3.7 .6 2.7 3.4 .2 2.9 3.5	3.1 3.7 4.8 7.5 11 4.1 5.1 7.4 9.0 12 3.9 5.5 10.2 12.3 14	5 7.28 3.28 0.27 0.79 3 4.66 2.60 0.61 2.26 9 5.92 2.84 0.52 1.22 0 7.10 3.93 0.51 0.73 5 6.47 3.11 0.37 0.78	4.69 2.82 1.51 4.35 6.02 2.85 0.85 3.09 6.86 3.54 0.40 1.63	0.0 62.6 23.0 14.5 0.5 24.2 54.1 21.1 0.0 29.1 34.4 36.6
525.52 M Mw 2. 544.00 M Mb 1. 569.45 M Mb 2.	.7 2.9 3.7 .2 3.1 3.8 .4 2.4 3.2 .4 3.4 4.3 .4 1.8 2.1	4.1 5.2 8.4 9.6 11 3.8 5.7 9.0 10.4 13 4.8 7.7 12.8 14.0 14	6 6.67 3.10 0.33 0.80 8 6.18 2.77 0.50 0.83 3 6.46 3.45 0.35 0.85 0 8.66 4.05 0.24 0.55 1 2.77 0.91 0.47 1.64	6.32 2.90 0.76 2.43 6.52 3.32 0.46 1.93 8.10 3.43-0.02 1.39	0.0 24.4 47.8 27.8 0.0 29.9 37.9 32.2 0.0 12.8 38.6 48.5
599.44 M Mw 1. 608.68 M Sm 0. 610.89 M Ss 1.	.8 -0.2 0.6 .4 2.2 3.6 .1 1.6 2.5 .9 2.5 2.9 .1 0.7 1.2	4.3 6.1 8.2 9.2 11 2.9 4.0 6.6 11.6 14 3.3 4.3 7.3 12.6 14	1 2.01 1.63 0.34 1.32 0 6.30 2.74 0.13 0.92 0 6.04 4.16 0.64 1.36 0 6.63 4.17 0.70 1.18 1 2.80 1.63 0.43 1.19	6.38 2.82 0.41 2.51 5.29 3.48 0.98 2.70 5.72 3.39 1.01 2.49	0.0 20.6 52.3 27.1 0.1 51.5 28.2 20.3 0.0 46.1 31.1 22.9
654.54 M Mw 2. 674.88 M Mm 2. 685.67 M Mm 0. 692.58 M Mw 1.	.5 3.3 4.1 .3 3.3 4.9 .1 3.9 5.0 .4 1.8 3.0 .8 2.4 3.2 .2 0.3 0.8	5.7 7.9 13.4 14.0 14 5.7 8.0 10.0 10.8 12 3.6 4.9 7.1 8.2 11 3.6 5.0 7.4 9.1 11	0 6.61 2.50 0.19 0.76 0 8.94 3.90 0.23 0.57 5 7.94 2.74 0.00 0.82 2 5.37 2.74 0.29 1.11 7 5.75 2.90 0.42 1.01 0 1.76 1.23 0.31 1.59	8.37 3.22-0.13 1.63 8.08 2.85-0.02 1.96 5.56 2.85 0.73 3.09 5.85 2.92 0.87 2.76	0.0 9.2 41.3 49.5 0.0 5.8 43.9 50.2 0.0 33.6 49.6 16.8 0.0 33.0 45.4 21.6

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