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**SCHOOL OF GOVERNMENT**

**PUBL 205**

**DEVELOPMENT POLICY AND MANAGEMENT**

**TRIMESTER ONE 2013**

**COURSE OUTLINE**

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**CONTACT DETAILS**

**Course Coordinator:** Associate Professor Graham Hassall  
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**TRIMESTER DATES**

**Teaching Period:** Monday 4<sup>th</sup> March to Friday 7<sup>th</sup> June 2013

**End of Trimester Study Period:** Monday 10<sup>th</sup> June to 14<sup>th</sup> June 2013

**Examination Period:** Monday 17<sup>th</sup> June to Wednesday 3<sup>rd</sup> June 2013 (inclusive)

**CLASS TIMES AND ROOM NUMBERS**

<b>Lecture Timetable:</b>	Wednesday	12.40 – 13.30pm	RHLT3
	Friday	12.40 – 13.30pm	RHLT3

<b>Tutorials:</b>	Monday	11.30 – 12.20pm	GBG07
	Monday	13.40 – 14.30pm	RWW220

## WITHDRAWAL FROM COURSES

1. Your fees will be refunded if you withdraw from this course on or before **Friday 15<sup>th</sup> March 2013**.
2. The standard last date for withdrawal from this course is **Friday 17<sup>th</sup> May 2013**. After this date, students forced to withdraw by circumstances beyond their control must apply for permission on an '*Application for Associate Dean's Permission to Withdraw Late*' form including supporting documentation. The application form is available from either of the Faculty's Student Customer Service Desks.

## COURSE SCHEDULE

Week	Date	Lecture
01	Mar 6	<b>Introduction</b> 01 Description of course outline and requirements
	Mar 8	02 Characteristics of developing countries – a survey of current issues
02	Mar 13	<b>Determining the Development Agenda</b> 03 Early models of development and economic growth
	Mar 15	04 Development and global interdependence
03	Mar 20	<b>The role of institutions in Governance for Development</b> 05 Improving governance and strengthening institutions
	Mar 22	06 Policy cycles and networks
04	Mar 27	<b>Human Development</b> 07 Education and health policies in developing countries
05	Apr 5	08 Gender and development
06	Apr 10	<b>The role of government in development</b> 09 The public sector
	Apr 12	10 Financing development and managing government debt
07	Apr 17	<b>Civil society, law and policy</b> 11 Increasing trust, integrity, transparency and accountability
	Apr 19	12 A rights-based approach to development
08	May 1	<b>ICT4D</b> 13 eGovernment
	May 3	14 Development KM (knowledge management)
09	May 8	<b>Opening the economy to global influences</b> 15 Globalisation and trade policy; Structural adjustment and regulatory policies
	May 10	16 Foreign investment and the transfer of technological know-how

10	May 15	<b>Rural development and the role of agriculture</b> 17 Sustainable agricultural and rural community development policy
	May 17	18 Land tenure systems and land reform
11	May 22	<b>Development, conflict, and peace-building</b> 19 Conflict & under-development
	May 24	20 Development, conflict resolution, and peace-building
12	May 29	<b>Urbanization and the environment</b> 21 urbanization and local level government
	May 31	22 Case study: Urban policy in the Pacific Islands
13	June 5	23 Case Study: urbanization policy and Port Moresby
	June 7	24 The current state of debate on development policy

### **WEEK 1 - Introduction**

#### **March 6      Description of course outline and requirements**

- Watch: Leslie T. Chang The Voices of China's workers

#### **March 8      Characteristics of developing countries – a survey of current issues**

- Classification of countries
- Costs and benefits of development
- Current issues in development policy

#### **Readings**

Cornwall, A. and K. Brock (2005). "What Do Buzzwords Do for Development Policy? A Critical Look at 'Participation', 'Empowerment' and 'Poverty Reduction'." Third World Quarterly **26**(7): 1043-1060.

Goulet, D. (1992). "Development: Creator and Destroyer of Values." *World Development*, **20**(3): 467 – 474.

Hulme, D. and J. Scott (2010). "The Political Economy of the MDGs: Retrospect and Prospect for the World's Biggest Promise." New Political Economy **15**(2): 293-306.

United Nations. Department of Economic and Social Affairs (2010). World Economic and Social Survey 2010: Retooling Global Development. New York, United Nations. (chap. 01 "Introduction")

## **WEEK 2 - Determining the Development Agenda**

### **March 13 Early models of development and economic growth**

- The context of “Modernity”
- Global Development Institutions

#### **Readings**

Jolly, R., L. Emmerij, et al. (2004). UN Contributions to Development Thinking and Practice. Bloomington and Indianapolis, Indiana University Press. (chapter 10: “The Record of Performance”)

Jolly, R., L. Emmerij, et al. (2004). UN Contributions to Development Thinking and Practice. Bloomington and Indianapolis, Indiana University Press. (chapter 11: “UN Contributions and Missed Opportunities”)

### **March 15 Development and global interdependence**

- Major conferences and policy networks
- The shift from material to human development

#### **Readings**

Alacevich, M. (2011). "The World Bank and the politics of productivity: the debate on economic growth, poverty, and living standards in the 1950s." Journal of Global History **6**: 53-74.

Easterly, W. (2009). "How the Millennium Development Goals are Unfair to Africa." World Development **37**(1): 26-35.

Martens, B. (2005). "Why Do Aid Agencies Exist?" Development Policy Review, 2005 **23**(6): 643-663.

Ocampo, J. A. (2003). "Rethinking the development agenda." Cambridge Journal of Economics **26**: 393-407.

## **WEEK 3 - The role of institutions in governance and development**

### **March 20 Improving governance and strengthening institutions**

- The shift from “government” to “governance”
- The role of constitutions, institutions, and law

## Readings

- Bertucci, G. (ed.) (2006). *Innovations in Governance and Public Administration: Replicating what works*, United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs.
- Diedhiou, A. (2007). "Governance for Development: Understanding the Concept/Reality Linkages." *Journal of Human Development*, **8**(1): 23 – 38.
- Hyden, G. and J. Court (2002). *Governance and Development*. United Nations University.

## March 22 Policy cycles and networks

- Policy cycles and networks in theory and practice

## Readings

- Mosse, D. (2004). "Is Good Policy Unimplementable? Reflections on the Ethnography of Aid Policy and Practice." *Development and Change* **35**(4): 639–671.

## WEEK 4 - Human development

## March 27 Education and health policies in developing countries

- The United Nations Development Programme and the concept of “human development”. I
- The Human Development Report
- The Millennium Develop Goals

## Readings

- Cheema, G. S. and L. Maguire (2001). “Governance for Human Development: The Role of External Partners.” *Public Administration & Development*, **21**(3): 201 – 209.
- Ivanov, A. and M. Peleah (2010). "From centrally planned development to human development." *Human Development Research Paper* **2010/38** (available online at [http://hdr.undp.org/en/reports/global/hdr2010/papers/HDRP\\_2010\\_38.pdf](http://hdr.undp.org/en/reports/global/hdr2010/papers/HDRP_2010_38.pdf)).
- Stewart, F. (1996). “Basic Needs, Capabilities, and Human Development.” Ch. 3 in Avner Offer (ed.) *In Pursuit of the Quality of Life*, Oxford University Press, pp. 46 – 65.
- UNESCO (1996). *Education for All – Achieving the goal*. Paris: UNESCO. Working document for the Mid-Decade Meeting of the International Consultative Forum on Education for All, Amman, Jordan, 16 – 19 June 1996.

## **April 05    Gender and development**

- The particular challenges confronting the development of women and girls

### **Readings**

Chattier, P. (2012). "Exploring the Capability Approach to Conceptualize Gender Inequality and Poverty in Fiji." *Journal of Poverty* **16**(1): 72-95.

Desai, M. (2010). "Hope in Hard Times: Women's Empowerment and Human Development." *Human Development Research Paper* **2010/14**(available online at [http://hdr.undp.org/en/reports/global/hdr2010/papers/HDRP\\_2010\\_38.pdf](http://hdr.undp.org/en/reports/global/hdr2010/papers/HDRP_2010_38.pdf)).

Fukuda-Parr, S. (2003). "The Human Development Paradigm: Operationalizing Sen's Ideas on Capabilities." *Feminist Economics* **9**(2-3): 301-317.

Pedwell, C. and D. Perrons (2007). *The Politics of Democratic Governance. Organizing for Social Inclusion and Gender Equity*. One World Action Report of seminar held in London on March 1 – 2, 2007.

## **WEEK 5 - The role of government in development**

## **April 10    The public sector**

- The roles of the public and private sectors
- Public sector reform

### **Readings**

Lyons, M., C. Smuts, et al. (2001). "The changing role of the state in participatory development: from the reconstruction and development programme to growth, employment and redistribution." *Community Development Journal*, **36**(4): 273 – 288.

Staudt, Kathleen (1991). "The Political Context", Ch. 4 in *Managing Development: State, Society, and International Contexts*, Sage Publications, pp. 62 – 80.

UNDESA (2005). *Unlocking the Human Potential for Public Sector Performance*. New York, United Nations. Online at <http://unpan1.un.org/intradoc/groups/public/documents/UN/UNPAN021616.pdf>

## **April 12    Financing development and managing government debt**

- Debt relief
- MDG Goal 8: develop a global partnership for development

## **Readings**

- Freytag, A. and G. Pehnelt (2009). "Debt Relief and Governance Quality in Developing Countries." World Development **37**(1): 62–80.
- Ramamurti, R. (1999). "Why Haven't Developing Countries Privatized Deeper and Faster?" World Development **27**(1): 137-155.
- Streeten, P. (1993). "Markets and States: Against Minimalism," *World Development*, **21**(8): 1281 – 1298.

## **WEEK 6 - Civil Society, law, and policy**

### **April 17 Increasing trust, integrity, transparency and accountability**

#### **Readings**

- Blind, P. (2006). *Building Trust In Government in the Twenty-First Century: Review of Literature and Emerging Issues*. United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs.
- Hickey, S. (2009). "The politics of protecting the poorest: Moving beyond the 'anti-politics machine'?" Political Geography **28**: 473–483.
- Mashaw, J. L. (2006). "Accountability and Institutional Design: Some Thoughts on the Grammar of Governance" in M. W. Dowdle (ed.) *Public accountability: designs, dilemmas and experiences*. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, pp. 115 – 156.
- Uslaner, E.M. (2005). "Trust and Corruption", Ch. 5 in Johann Graf Lambsdorff, Marcus Taube and Matthias Schramm (eds.) *The New Institutional Economics of Corruption*, Routledge, pp. 76 – 92.

### **April 19 A rights based approach to development**

- The concept of rights, and human rights
- The origin of rights claims and their recognition
- Delivering on rights

#### **Readings**

- Clague, C., P. Keefer, S. Knack and M. Olson (1994). "Institutions and Economic Performance: Property Rights and Contract Enforcement", Ch. 4 in Christopher Clague (ed.) *Institutions and Economic Development: Growth and Governance in Less-Developed and Post-Socialist Countries*, Johns Hopkins University Press, pp. 67 – 90.

Hickey, S. (2009). "The politics of protecting the poorest: Moving beyond the 'anti-politics machine'?" *Political Geography* **28**: 473–483.

McAslan, E. (2002). "Social capital and development" in V. Desai and R. Potter (eds.) *The Companion to Development Studies*, Hodder Arnold, pp. 139 – 143. Schoeffel, P. (1996). "Governance and Institutional Issues", Ch. V in *Sociocultural Issues and Economic Development in the Pacific Islands*, Asian Development Bank, pp. 125 – 139.

## **WEEK 7 – The role of information and communications technologies**

### **May 01 ICT4D**

- ICT Indicators for Development - [http://new.unctad.org/default\\_575.aspx](http://new.unctad.org/default_575.aspx)
- Information Economy Report Series online at <http://www.unctad.org/Templates/Page.asp?intItemID=3594&lang=1>

#### **Readings**

Souter, D. (2010). *World Summit on the Information Society: Turning Targets into Action*. Paris, UNESCO.

### **May 03 Development KM (knowledge management)**

- Global and national agencies monitoring development policy and progress
- The relationship between theory and practice in development policy?

#### **Readings**

Brooks World Poverty Institute (2010). *Creating Knowledge to End Poverty: Brooks World Poverty Institute Annual Report 2010*. Manchester, Brooks World Poverty Institute. online at [http://www.unctad.org/en/docs/sdteecb20071\\_en.pdf](http://www.unctad.org/en/docs/sdteecb20071_en.pdf).

Ndou, V. D. (2004). "E-Government for Developing Countries: Opportunities and Challenges." *The Electronic Journal on Information Systems in Developing Countries* **18**(1): 1-24.

United Nations. Department of Economic and Social Affairs (2012). *World Economic Situation and Prospects 2012*. New York, United Nations. online at [http://www.un.org/en/development/desa/policy/wesp/wesp\\_current/2012wesp.pdf](http://www.un.org/en/development/desa/policy/wesp/wesp_current/2012wesp.pdf)

## **WEEK 8 - Opening the economy to global influences**

### **May 08 Globalization and trade policy: structural adjustment and regulatory policies**



## Readings

- Loungani, P. & A. Radin (2001). "How Beneficial is Foreign Direct Investment for Developing Countries?" *Finance and Development*, June, **38**(2).
- Porter, T. (2001). "The Democratic Deficit in the Institutional Arrangements for Regulating Global Finance." *Global Governance*, **7**(4): 427 – 439.
- Structural Adjustment Participatory Review International Network (2004). Structural Adjustment: The SAPRI Report. The Policy Roots of Economic Crisis, Poverty and Inequality, Zed Books, TWN and IBON. Online at Structural Adjustment Participatory Review International Network (2004). Structural Adjustment: The SAPRI Report. The Policy Roots of Economic Crisis, Poverty and Inequality, Zed Books, TWN and IBON.

## May 10 Foreign investment and the transfer of technological know-how

### Readings

- Brockway, L. (1996). "Plant Imperialism", Ch. 9 in Kenneth P. Jameson & Charles K. Wilbur (eds.) *The Political Economy of Development and Underdevelopment*, McGraw-Hill Inc., pp. 116 – 124.
- Chu A., J. Hodgson and P. N. P. Matthews (1993). "Technology Transfer – A Case Study in China" in A. Crosbie Walsh (ed.) *Development that Works! Lessons from Asia-Pacific*, Development Studies, Massey University, Monograph No. 3, pp. E2.1 – E2.2.
- McKinnon, J. (1993). "Participations and Technology Transfer: A Case Study from the Lombok Crafts Project" in A. Crosbie Walsh (ed.) *Development that Works! Lessons from Asia-Pacific*, Development Studies, Massey University, Monograph No. 3, pp. E11.1 – E11.5.
- Schoeffel, P. (1993). "Social Factors in Technology Transfer through Development Aid" in A. Crosbie Walsh (ed.) *Development that Works! Lessons from Asia-Pacific*, Amokura Publications, pp. E1.1 – E1.13.

## WEEK 9 - Rural development and the role of agriculture

## May 15 Sustainable agricultural and rural community development policy

### Readings

- DFID (2001). "Making globalisation work for the poor" in *Poverty: Bridging the Gap*, pp. 67 – 72.

MacIsaac, N. & Abu N. M. Whahid (1996). "The Grameen Bank: Its Institutional Lessons for Rural Financing", Ch. 37 in Kenneth P. Jameson & Charles K. Wilbur (eds.) *The Political Economy of Development and Underdevelopment*, McGraw-Hill Inc., pp. 596 – 609.

McKeon, N. (2011). African farmer workshop: "Agricultural Investment strengthening family farming and sustainable food systems in Africa" 4 and 5 May 2011, Mfou, Yaoundé, Cameroun - Synthesis Report, PROPAC, ROPPA & EAFF.

## **May 17 Land tenure systems and land reform**

- Importance of land tenure systems
- The breakdown of land tenure
- Challenges in land reform policy and implementation

### **Readings**

Food and Agriculture Organization (2007). *Good Governance in land tenure and administration*. Rome, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.  
– online at <ftp://ftp.fao.org/docrep/fao/010/a1179e/a1179e00.pdf>

Kumar, Y. (1996). "Building on the *Panchayat*: using *Jal Samitis* in Uttar Pradesh", Ch. 11 in Peter Blunt and D. Michael Warren (eds.) *Indigenous Organizations and Development*, Intermediate Technology Publications, pp. 123 – 131.

Lamour, P. L. (2002). "Policy Transfer and Reversal: customary land registration from Africa to Melanesia." *Public Administration and Development*, **22**: 151 – 161.

## **WEEK 10 - Development, conflict, and peace-building**

### **May 22 Conflict & under-development**

- The link between under-development and conflict

### **Readings**

Development Assistance Committee (1997). "Conflict, Peace and Development Co-operation on the Threshold of the 21st Century." Journal of Humanitarian Assistance.

OECD (2011). Conflict and Fragility International Engagement in Fragile States CAN'T WE DO BETTER? Paris, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development.  
online at <http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/docserver/download/fulltext/4311261e.pdf?expires=1328149751&id=id&acname=ocid57012776&checksum=3B5B8413D47EB1E431607396B1EB067F>

Regan, A. J. (2002). "The Bougainville political settlement and the prospects for sustainable peace." Pacific Economic Bulletin **17**(1): 114-129.

The World Bank (2011). World Development Report 2011: Conflict, Security, and Development. Washington, The World Bank. (Chapters 1 and 2)

## **May 24    Development, Conflict Resolution, & Peace-building**

- The challenges of post-conflict peace-building, and state-building

### **Readings**

Musoni, P. (2004). "Reconstructing Governance and Public Administration Institutions for Effective, Conflict-Sensitive Rule of Law," Ch. 4 in *Reconstructing Governance and Public Administration for Peaceful, Sustainable Development*. United Nations. Department of Economic and Social Affairs. New York, United Nations, pp. 62 – 73. – online at <http://unpan1.un.org/intradoc/groups/public/documents/un/unpan014028.pdf>

Rosenblum-Kumar, G. (2004). "An Analysis of Strategic Processes for Conflict-Sensitive Reconstruction of Governance and Public Administration," Ch. 1 in *Reconstructing Governance and Public Administration for Peaceful, Sustainable Development*. United Nations. Department of Economic and Social Affairs. New York, United Nations, pp. 3 – 22.

Warner, M. (2000). *Conflict Management in Community-Based Natural Resource Projects: Experiences from Fiji and Papua New Guinea*. London, Overseas Development Institute.

## **WEEK 11 - Urbanization and the environment**

## **May 29    Planning for urbanization**

- Urban growth in the modern period
- The challenges of urbanization in developing areas

### **Readings:**

Deri, A. and M. Alam (2008). "Local Governments and Climate Change." *Commonwealth Secretariat Discussion Paper*. London, Commonwealth Secretariat.

Devas, N. (2001). "The Connections Between Urban Governance and Poverty." *Journal of International Development* **13**(7): 989 – 996.

Henderson, J. J. (2010). "Urbanization and the World Community." *The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science* **1957**(314): 147-155.

## **May 31    Development at local level**

- The Pacific Urban Agenda and Pacific Urban Forum

## Readings

Pacific Institute of Public Policy (2011). "Urban Hymns: Managing urban growth." Discussion Paper 18 (July).

Storey, D. (2006). "Urbanisation in the Pacific." *State Society and Governance in Melanesia*. Targeted Research Paper for AusAID.

## **WEEK 12 - Bringing it all together: policy leadership for development**

### **June 5      Development, strategic planning and the role of leadership**

- Leadership styles, democracy, and development

## Readings

Safty, A. (2003). "Moral Leadership: Beyond Management and Governance." *Harvard International Review*, **25**(3): 84 – 89.

Van Wart, M. (2003). "Public-Sector Leadership Theory: An Assessment." *Public Administration Review*, **63**(2): 214 – 228.

### **June 7      The current state of the debate on development policy**

- Findings of the Fourth High Level Forum on Aid Effectiveness, Busan, Korea, 2011.

## Readings

Niggli, P. (2004). *After Globalisation Development Policy in the 21st Century*. Berne, Swiss Coalition of Development Organisations: Swissaid • Catholic Lenten Fund • Bread for all • Helvetas • Caritas • Swiss Interchurch Aid

OECD (2011). Development Co-operation Report 2011. Paris, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development. (Part Three) online at

Fourth High Level Forum on Aid Effectiveness, online at  
[http://www.oecd.org/document/12/0,3746,en\\_2649\\_3236398\\_46057868\\_1\\_1\\_1\\_1,00.html](http://www.oecd.org/document/12/0,3746,en_2649_3236398_46057868_1_1_1_1,00.html)

Weiss, T. G. (2010). How United Nations ideas change history. *Review of International Studies*, 36(October), 3-23.

## **Analytical Resources And Online Resources**

### **Significant Datasets**

Marshall, M. G., K. Jaggers, et al. (2008). "Polity IV Project: Political Regime Characteristics and Transitions." <http://www.systemicpeace.org/polity/polity4.htm>.

OECD. (2009). "Statistical Annex of the 2009 Development Co-operation Report." [www.oecd.org/dac/stats/dac/dcrannex](http://www.oecd.org/dac/stats/dac/dcrannex).

UNDP. (2009). "Human Development Report Statistics." <http://hdr.undp.org/statistics/>.  
World Bank. (2007). "Governance Matters Website."  
<http://info.worldbank.org/governance/wgi/>.

### **VUW Library**

- Research Archive
- Restricted Archive - <http://restrictedarchive.vuw.ac.nz/>
- Library online resources - <http://library.victoria.ac.nz/library/resources/online.html>
- recommended resources in Public Policy:  
<http://library.victoria.ac.nz/library/resources/guides/publicpolicy.html#guidesection.1391>
- United Nations and Official Publications Collection –  
<http://library.victoria.ac.nz/library/collections/unop.html>
- eBooks  
<http://library.victoria.ac.nz/library/resources/guides/ebooks.html#guidesection.1446>

### **Development Agencies**

- Asian Development Bank (ADB):
  - main site - <http://www.adb.org/>,
  - Public sector management and governance - <http://www.adb.org/Governance/>;
- World Bank:
  - main site - <http://www.worldbank.org/>,
  - document depository - <http://www-wds.worldbank.org/>,
  - public sector governance - <http://www.worldbank.org/publicsector/>;
- United Nations Development Programme (UNDP):
  - main site - <http://www.undp.org/>,
  - Human Development Reports - <http://hdr.undp.org/>;
- UK Department for International Development (DfID): main site - <http://www.dfid.gov.uk/>;
  - Governance and Social Development Resource Centre - <http://www.gsdrc.org/>,
- Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (Development Assistance Committee) (OECD (DAC)): main site - <http://www.oecd.org/dac/>; statistics - [www.oecd.org/dac/stats/dac/dcrannex](http://www.oecd.org/dac/stats/dac/dcrannex).

## **Round-ups of development news**

- Atlas of Global Development  
<http://www.un.org/en/development/desa/policy/index.shtml>
- Free Scholarly Resources -  
[http://www.iss.nl/library/information\\_resources/free\\_scholarly\\_resources/](http://www.iss.nl/library/information_resources/free_scholarly_resources/)
- “Global Development Briefing”: email newsletter published by The Development Executive Group: subscribe at  
[http://www.developmentex.com/development\\_intelligence/news\\_and\\_analysis/briefing/index.jsp](http://www.developmentex.com/development_intelligence/news_and_analysis/briefing/index.jsp)
- GOVT MONITOR – Public Sector News and Information -  
<http://www.thegovmonitor.com/>
- New Zealand Aid and Development Dialogues <http://nzadds.org.nz/>
- <http://elibrary.worldbank.org/>
- <http://www.eastasiaforum.org/>

## **Other Organizations**

- American political science association – <http://www.apsanet.org/>
- American Society for Public Administration -  
<http://www.aspanet.org/scriptcontent/index.cfm>
- Brooks World Poverty Institute  
<http://www.bwpi.manchester.ac.uk/resources/index.html>
- Center for Digital Government - <http://www.centerdigitalgov.com/index.php>
- Centre for Global Development <http://www.cgdev.org/>
- European commission - [http://ec.europa.eu/europeaid/what/development-policies/index\\_en.htm](http://ec.europa.eu/europeaid/what/development-policies/index_en.htm)
- European Institute of Public Administration -  
<http://seminars.eipa.eu/en/activities09/show/&tid=3668>
- Chinese Public Administration Society -  
[http://wn.com/Chinese\\_Public\\_Administration\\_Society](http://wn.com/Chinese_Public_Administration_Society)
- Chronic Poverty Research Centre <http://www.chronicpoverty.org/>
- Development Network <http://www.devnet.org.nz/>
- Development Policy Centre <http://devpolicy.anu.edu.au/>
- European Institute of Public Administration - <http://www.eipa.nl/>
- Global Public Administration Resource - <http://www.linkedin.com/groups/Global-Public-Administration-Resource-3818311>
- Global urban Research Centre <http://www.sed.manchester.ac.uk/research/gurc/>
- Institute for Public Management, Vienna - <http://www.wu.ac.at/pubmgt>
- Institute of Governance and Policy Studies, VUW - <http://ips.ac.nz/>
- Institute of Public Administration, Ireland - <http://www.ipa.ie/>
- Institute of Public Administration, NZ - <http://www.ipanz.org.nz/MainMenu>
- Institute of Public Administration Australia - <http://www.ipaa.org.au/>
- Institute for Public Administration Canada - <http://www.ipac.ca/>
- Institute of Public Management, UK - <http://www.ipsm.org.uk/>

- International Centre for Governance and Public Management (IGPM), UK - <http://www2.warwick.ac.uk/fac/soc/wbs/igpm/>
- International Institute of Social Studies <http://www.iss.nl/library/>
- International Political Science Association - <http://www.ipsa.org/events/congress/madrid2012/session/6360/panel/accepted>
- Korean Institute of Public Administration - <http://kipa.re.kr:8090/eng/index.jsp?year=2011&month=10>
- Natural Resources institute <http://www.nri.org>
- Network of Institutes and Schools of Public Administration in Central and Eastern Europe - <http://www.nispa.sk/>
- Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development [www.oecd.org](http://www.oecd.org)
- Overseas Development Institute <http://www.odi.org.uk/>
- Public Administration Network Theory - <http://www.pattheory.org/>
- Royal Institute of Public Administration - <http://www.ripainternational.co.uk/Home>
- United Nations Development Program [www.undp.org](http://www.undp.org)
- United Nations Research Institutes of Social Development - [http://www.unrisd.org/unrisd/website/document.nsf/\(httpPublications\)/054F433B5A04840980256B670065D6E1?OpenDocument](http://www.unrisd.org/unrisd/website/document.nsf/(httpPublications)/054F433B5A04840980256B670065D6E1?OpenDocument)
- United Nations Public Administration Network - <http://www.unpan.org/>
- The World Bank - [http://elibrary.worldbank.org/?cid=GS\\_EXTOP\\_eLib\\_6&gclid=CI7A4J7ch6wCFdAEQAodtiObAw](http://elibrary.worldbank.org/?cid=GS_EXTOP_eLib_6&gclid=CI7A4J7ch6wCFdAEQAodtiObAw)

## **Journals**

- Asian Journal of Political Science
- Cambridge journal of economics
- Comparative political studies - <http://cps.sagepub.com/content/28/1/117.short>
- Development and change
- Development Policy Review - <http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.1111/%28ISSN%291467-7679/issues>
- Governance [http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.1111/\(ISSN\)1468-0491](http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.1111/(ISSN)1468-0491)
- International journal of development issues
- International Review of Comparative Public Policy - <http://www.emeraldinsight.com/products/books/series.htm?id=1051-4694>
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- Journal of Comparative Policy Analysis - <http://www.tandf.co.uk/journals/titles/13876988.asp>
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- Journal of International Development
- Journal of Peasant Studies – <http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/fjps20#>
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- Public Administration
- The Journal of the Institute of Economic Development
- Third world quarterly

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## Additional Readings

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## COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES

<b>Course Objectives:</b> By the end of this course, students should be able to:		<b>Major Attributes</b>
1	Describe the concepts, methods and theories of development.	MA 2
2	Apply the concepts, methods and theories of development to specific developing countries.	MA 7
3	Identify the development policies currently being recommended by the major international aid agencies and describe their strengths and weaknesses.	MA 8
4	Discuss and analyse the political aspects of development policy, including the main concepts and mechanisms of governance, approaches to deterring corruption and broadening popular participation in the development process.	MA 4
5	Discuss and analyse factors of critical importance in the development process, including the role of women in development, reconciling faster economic growth with environmental sustainability, maintaining macroeconomic stability, the role of agriculture in development, managing a developing country's relationships with the global economy, and financing development and managing debt.	MA 4, MA 5
6	Discuss the most appropriate way of measuring progress in achieving development goals.	MA 3
7	Identify the policies most likely to promote economic and social development in a developing country.	MA 1

<b>Major Attributes: PUBL majors will be able to</b>	
MA1	Judge the defining features of good policy analysis and advice and appraise how they are best produced

MA2	Demonstrate an understanding of the influence of political ideas and philosophies, and of constitutional and political institutions on public policy
MA3	Demonstrate an understanding of the contribution of quantitative and qualitative methods in policy analysis
MA4	Identify the nature and respective roles of state and civil society in the development, implementation and evaluation of public policy, and demonstrate an understanding of the distinction between government and governance
MA5	Appraise different disciplinary contributions to the development, implementation and evaluation of public policy
MA6	Judge the relevance and importance of evidence in policymaking
MA7	Apply the comparative method to policy analysis, and identify insights that might be drawn from other policy jurisdictions
MA8	Judge and articulate the relevant criteria that might be used in assessing the advantages and disadvantages of particular policy options
MA9	Analyse complex policy issues from multiple perspectives and identify opportunities for innovation
MA10	Express ideas succinctly and persuasively both in written form and orally
MA11	Construct and articulate rationales for public policy intervention
MA12	Demonstrate an understanding of the significance of ethics and accountability in the study and practice of public policy
MA13	Interpret the significance of the Treaty of Waitangi (Te Tiriti o Waitangi) in the study and practice of public policy in New Zealand

## **COURSE DELIVERY**

The course will be delivered through two 1-hour lectures and through one 1-hour tutorial per week. Questions and discussion by students during lectures is encouraged. The tutorials are inquiry-based and participatory. They focus on the content provided in lectures, but emphasise acquisition of skills in consultation, communication, critical thinking, professional identity, and leadership.

## **EXPECTED WORKLOAD**

Students are expected to undertake an average of 2 to 3 hours of self-directed study for each contact hour. This means students should expect a workload of between 8 to 12 hours per week.

## COURSE READINGS

Course Readings are posted on the Blackboard each week.

## ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS

There are three components to assessment in this course

1. Essay 1 (2,000 words max.) - 15% - **due April 5<sup>th</sup> by 5pm**
  - a. What is meant by “development policy” and who determines the “development agenda”?
2. Essay 2 (3,000 words max.) - 35% - **due May 31<sup>st</sup> by 4pm**
3. Examination - 50% (2 hours) – The final exam for this course will be scheduled during the period from **Friday 15 June – Wednesday 4 July (inclusive).**

### Questions for Essay 2

Please answer one of the following questions:

1. What is meant by “structural adjustment” and what lessons have been learnt about “right-sizing” the size and cost of government? (The second half of the question is alluding to the fact that governments cannot afford to promise services to the public beyond what the public purse can afford to deliver. It is alluding to the need for government in any country to work with its many stakeholders – business, the public, to ensure that expectations regarding government services are not unrealistic. Governments that ignore the need to be responsible may make promises to constituents which they cannot afford to deliver, leading either to unsustainable borrowing or to public unrest. The question, then, becomes how to contain expectations and show that service delivery levels are responsible? Perhaps it is linked to levels of transparency and to clarity of communications. You can use these ideas to expand an example of a situation in which a government has had to manage expectations, or be very transparent about the costs of government, in order to explain the difficult choices it is faced with.
2. What is meant by the term “globalisation”? What advantages and disadvantages does this phenomenon pose for developing countries?
3. What are the key challenges facing the agricultural sector in developing countries?
4. What part do land tenure systems play in development?
5. What is the relationship between conflict and development? How can governance institutions respond in conflict and post-conflict situations?
6. At the beginning of the 21<sup>st</sup> century, what are the major challenges confronting urban development policy?

7. What constitutes “policy leadership”? Can such leadership be cultivated or merely ‘hoped for’?

Grading is on a relative basis. Both the essays and the examinations are assessed to evaluate the students’ comprehension of the subject, ability to organise the materials, and use of library and web-based sources. The assessments will cover lecture content, additional Readings, plus tutorial participation.

**Extensions** for essays may only be granted to those who meet the University’s aegrotat rules, viz. medical certificate or personal bereavement, or critical personal circumstances involving the health of a close relative, or exceptional circumstances beyond the student’s control.

***Note: Your assessed work may also be used for quality assurance purposes, such as to assess the level of achievement of learning objectives as required for accreditation and audit purposes. The findings may be used to inform changes aimed at improving the quality of FCA programmes. All material used for such processes will be treated as confidential, and the outcome will not affect your grade for the course.***

<i><b>Grade</b></i>	<i><b>Normal range</b></i>	<i><b>Midpoint</b></i>	<i><b>Indicative characterisation</b></i>
<b>A+</b>	85% - 100%	92.5	excellent performance in all respects
<b>A</b>	80% - 84%	82	excellent performance in almost all respects
<b>A-</b>	75% - 79%	77	very good, some aspects excellent but others not
<b>B+</b>	70% - 74%	72	
<b>B</b>	65% - 69%	67	good performance overall
<b>B-</b>	60% - 64%	62	
<b>C+</b>	55% - 59%	57	work satisfactory overall, strengths outweigh weaknesses
<b>C</b>	50% - 54%	52	
<b>D</b>	40% - 49%	45	poor performance overall, weaknesses outweigh strengths
<b>E</b>	0 - 39%	20	well below the standard required

## **MANDATORY COURSE REQUIREMENTS AND PENALTIES**

To fulfil the mandatory paper requirements for this paper you must:

- Attend eight of the scheduled tutorial sessions.
- Submit all written assignments by the due date. A late assignment will have its mark reduced by 3% for each day it is overdue unless there is a very good reason why it was late.
- Sit the course examination.

Assignments will not be accepted that are over a week late. Assignments significantly exceeding the word limit will have 5 marks deducted.

Students who fail to satisfy the mandatory requirements for passing this course, other than the requirement to obtain a C grade overall, will not receive a graded result, and their records will show a “K” (fail due to not satisfying mandatory course requirements, even though the student’s course requirements reached the level specified for a pass).

**To pass PUBL 205 a student must meet the mandatory requirements and achieve at least a total of 50% over all the assessment.**

## **EXAMINATIONS**

The final examination for this course will be scheduled at some time during the period from **Friday 15 June to Wednesday 4 July 2013 (inclusive)**.

Students who enroll in courses with examinations are obliged to attend an examination at the University at any time during the formal examination period.

## **CLASS REPRESENTATIVE**

A class representative will be elected in the first class, and that person’s name and contact details will be available to VUWSA, the course coordinator, and the class. The class representative provides a communication channel to liaise with the course coordinator on behalf of the students.

## **COMMUNICATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Additional information, or any changes to the information contained in the course outline, will be conveyed to students by way of notices on Blackboard.

## ACADEMIC INTEGRITY, PLAGIARISM, AND THE USE OF TURNITIN

Plagiarism is presenting someone else's work as if it were your own, whether you mean to or not.

'Someone else's work' means anything that is not your own idea. Even if it is presented in your own style, you must still acknowledge your sources fully and appropriately. This includes:

- material from books, journals or any other printed source
- the work of other students or staff
- information from the Internet
- software programs and other electronic material
- designs and ideas
- the organisation or structuring of any such material.

Acknowledgement is required for *all* material in any work submitted for assessment unless it is a 'fact' that is well-known in the context (such as "Wellington is the capital of New Zealand") or your own ideas in your own words. Everything else that derives from one of the sources above and ends up in your work – whether it is directly quoted, paraphrased, or put into a table or figure, needs to be acknowledged with a reference that is sufficient for your reader to locate the original source.

Plagiarism undermines academic integrity simply because it is a form of lying, stealing and mistreating others. Plagiarism involves stealing other people's intellectual property and lying about whose work it is. This is why plagiarism is prohibited at Victoria.

If you are found guilty of plagiarism, you may be penalised under the Statute on Student Conduct. You should be aware of your obligations under the Statute, which can be downloaded from the policy website ([www.victoria.ac.nz/home/about/policy/students.aspx](http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/about/policy/students.aspx)). You could fail your course or even be suspended from the University. Plagiarism is easy to detect. The University has systems in place to identify it.

Student work provided for assessment in this course may be checked for academic integrity by the electronic search engine <http://www.turnitin.com>. Turnitin is an on-line plagiarism prevention tool which compares submitted work with a very large database of existing material. At the discretion of the Head of School, handwritten work may be copy-typed by the School and subject to checking by Turnitin. Turnitin will retain a copy of submitted materials on behalf of the University for detection of future plagiarism, but access to the full text of submissions will not be made available to any other party.

There is guidance available to students on how to avoid plagiarism by way of sound study skills and the proper and consistent use of a recognised referencing system. This guidance may be found at the following website <http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/plagiarism.aspx>. If in doubt seek the advice of your course coordinator. Plagiarism is simply not worth the risk.

## **LINK TO GENERAL INFORMATION**

For general information about course related matters, please go to :-

<http://www.victoria.ac.nz/vbs/studenthelp/general-course-information>

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