China's Growing Tuna Fishing Fleet in the Pacific Ocean: A Samoan Fisheries Perspective

Prepared by: Joyce Samuelu-Ah Leong

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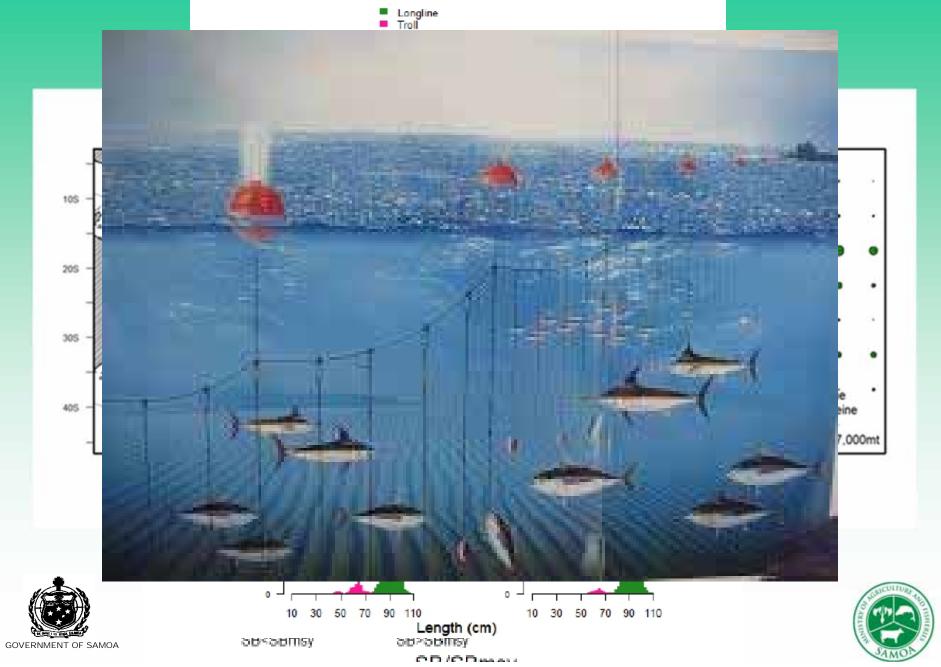


Presentation Objectives

- 1. Focus on the South Pacific Longline/Albacore Tuna Fisheries.
- 2. Highlight the current status of stocks and of fishery in the South Pacific region: focus on Samoa and China
- 3. Highlight the influence of China on this fishery and how it impacts Samoa and the region.



South Docific Albacore



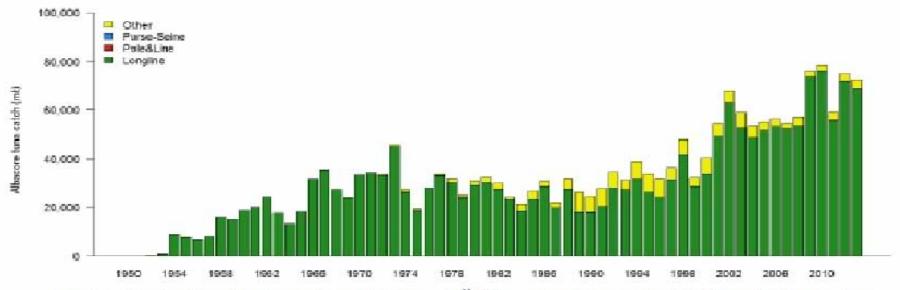
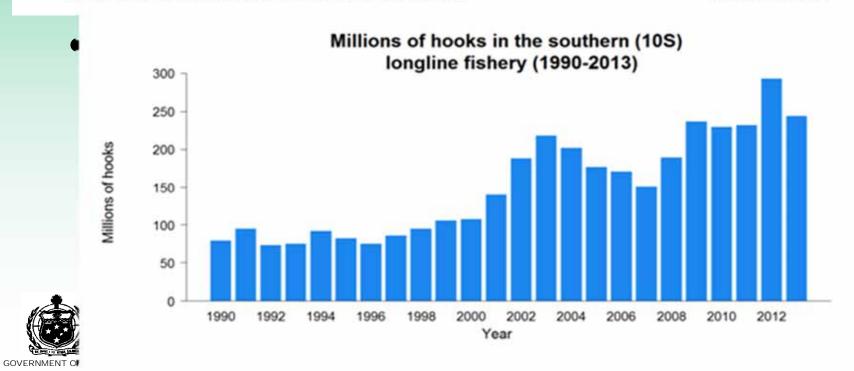


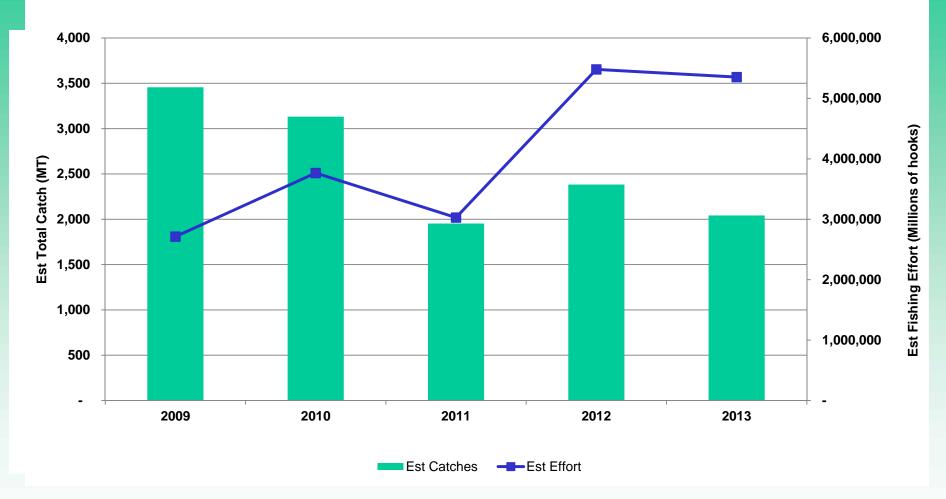
Figure 1: Catch of south pacific albacore by gear (all the south pacific, souther of the equator, including archipelagic waters).

'Others catches are primarily from troll gears in recent years.

Source: SPC, 2014

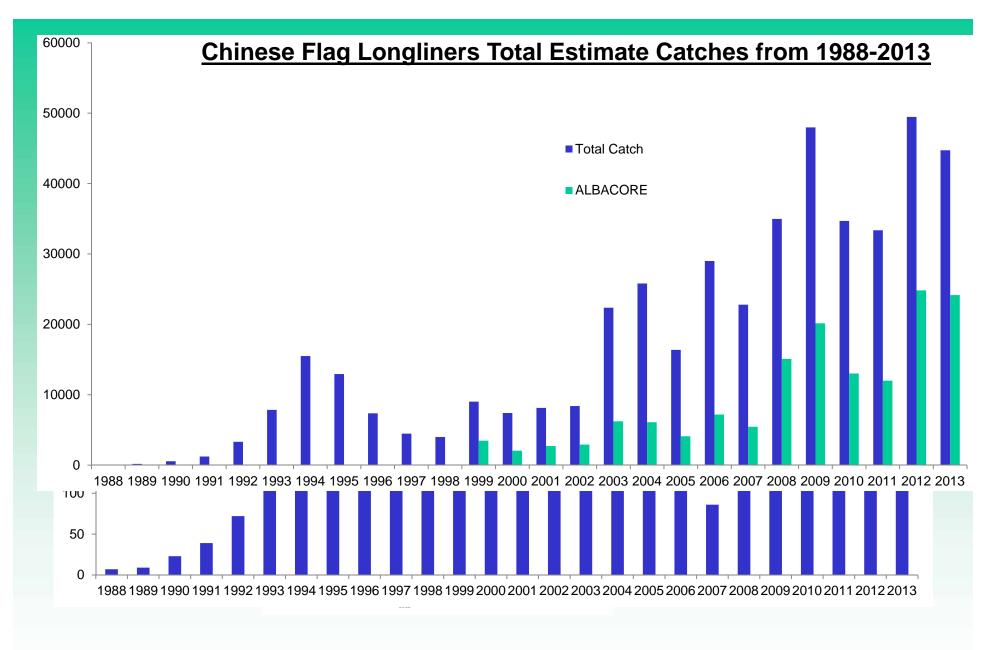


Samoa Longline Fishery













China's Influence..

- Largest fishing fleet: more than 25% of total catches..
- High percentages of catches on the High Seas and increasing.
- Flooding the markets..
- Lack of operational data.





Samoa Fisheries Perspective

Management:

- Sustainability of fish stocks & economic viability of the fishery: capping of efforts and catch efforts.
 Need catch limits for the High Seas.
- Tokelau Arrangement: Australia, Cook Islands,
 Fiji, Tokelau, Niue, New Zealand, Samoa, Tonga,
 Vanuatu, (Solomon Is)
- Illegal Unregulated Unreported Fishing: surveillance and monitoring: however limited personnel and resources.





• **Development:**

- Maximum economic benefits: thriving domestic fishery (food security/livelihood), revenue (export, GDP and administrative costs), employment (fishermen, labour force).
- Genuine Partnership: Market investments, development of onshore facilities.





Final Observations.

- One of last healthy remaining fishery stocks in the World.
- Fishery worth more than a billion a year. Some of the SIDs it is 90% of their Annual Budget: Others the main source of food security. Samoa aims for a bigger share of this wealth.
- Most preferable fishing grounds are within SIDs zones: with limited resources and capacities to manage this fishery.





- International Fisheries Management measures need to be unique to the situation of SIDs and not isolate/disadvantage them.
- China is needed for the effective management and sustainable development of the fishery: responsible fisher, true partner in a sustainable fishery.





Acknowledgements

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 Annual Reports 2011/12, 2012/13

Thank you for your Attention.



